

Land-use Incentives Analysis

- What gap? lack of information on existing incentives driving land-use change at national level
- Whose gap? Public sector- but could be relevant to national or local governments depending on the actual incentives
- Who: UNEP FI, ODI + alliance incl. Interested forest countries
- What: a) categorisation of incentives b) country-level case studies
- Where: 3 to 4 (contrasting) country case studies
- How: initially desk-based research with some potential incountry research
- Impacts: understanding existing incentives → (leads to) agricultural efficiency gains → higher value crops → stabilise farmer's incomes → decrease in D&D

Value of Indigenous Knowledge

- What gap? What is the role of indigenous knowledge systems in REDD+ and the Green Economy
- Whose gap? Policy makers, private sector (practical gap within indigenous populations- what is REDD+ and a Green Economy?!)
- Who: Indigenous people
- What: Documentation
- Where: Several case studies at country level (eg AMAN in Indonesia)
- How: Working through civil society (including IP's own organizations) and international research agencies to channel information up and down
- Impacts: Better partnerships, more sustainable programmes and secure long term investments

Framing REDD+ and the green economy

- **What gaps (Inf/Knowledge)?** What business cases are realistic given different interpretations of REDD+ and the Green Economy? Including REDD+ outside green economy and green economy without REDD+.
- **Whose gaps?** Government (national/state); community; private sector
- **Who should do what, where and how?** A multidisciplinary team; consultation; synthesis; evaluation of feasibility of different approaches to REDD+ within (or not within) a Green Economy
- **What impacts do we expect as a result?** Improved national/subnational REDD+ and Green Economy strategies

What are the costs, benefits, and risks of REDD+ for multiple stakeholders at multiple scales?

- **What gaps (Inf/Knowledge)?** Information and methodological gaps on implementation costs, risks and benefits. Transaction costs and additional costs of achieving additional benefits.
- **Whose gaps?** Funder, community, govt...
- **Who should do what, where and how?** Participatory research – national, international research organisations
- **What impacts do we expect as a result?** Better understanding of trade-offs, well-informed decisions, better targeted investments