



## The UN-REDD Programme: Semi-Annual Progress Update 2013

#### **UN-REDD Programme Eleventh Policy Board Meeting**

December 2013, Geneva, Switzerland





• Designed to offer:

more integrated understanding of delivery modalities

- Support policy development and decision-making
- Iessons learned, challenges and opportunites.
- Use of graphs, tables and pictures for easier and streamlined reading







- More analytical and less descriptive
- Increased focus on results and achievements
- Progress and achievements at country level



#### No.d This Period in Numbers WR0e •Instrumentant Instrumentant WR0e •Instrumentant WR0e WR0e •Instrumentant WR0e •Instrumentant WR0e Sin •Instrumentant WR0e •Instrumentant WR0e NSS •Instrumentant WR0e •Instrumentant WR0e

More in calculary programme devices, the start date is f day of the month in which transfer was make Challenges and Contringency Measure

Finalize the activities in which FAO supports the government by 31 December Targeted Support

Support to 0 reduce complian risks in the REDAprocess; 40 arous grader capity and grader related issues within the strategic options for REDBs; and its support identification of areas of legal reforms for REDA- implementation and support. (Refer to SNA Outcome 2) Approved amount: US\$ 90,000

Draft mid-term report with assessment of foresy' envisormental legal formerock extended to REDDand REDD+ national strategic formework ready for finalisation by July 2013. Achievements include • Legal issues analyzed of seven pitals of REDD+

 Legal diagnostic produced by UNEPVSLOBE.
 Legal gaps and isconstencies impeding REDD-implementation identified.
 Legal reforms for support by consultative processes in short term identified.

Anti-compton activities paused while priority grave to establishment of hatrona fund, trinkings, and c collocation increased with regional networks on genetar and MMMEDIA, such as Result France Altricating out Diveloppement Dusable (RERAD) and Resau des Finnes Antonies por la Gento Chormanatzer de Fonds (RERAD) and access to genetin expense improved.





- Challenges and opportunities by country and by SNA outcome
- Targeted support by outcome and by country
- SNA Annex reporting against monitoring framework with defined parameters at <u>output level</u>









- Implementation status:
  - 47 Partner Countries
  - 17 National Programmes (4 completed)
  - 3 countries invited to submit NP documents
  - SNA budget revision 2013 approved: CBR+ and additional funds for stakeholder engagement





- Implementation status:
  - US\$ 61.3 million approved to National Programmes and US\$ 31.3 million expenditures
  - ➢US\$ 42 million approved to SNA and US\$ 34.8 million expenditures
    - US\$ 3.2 million approved Targeted Support benefitting 26 countries

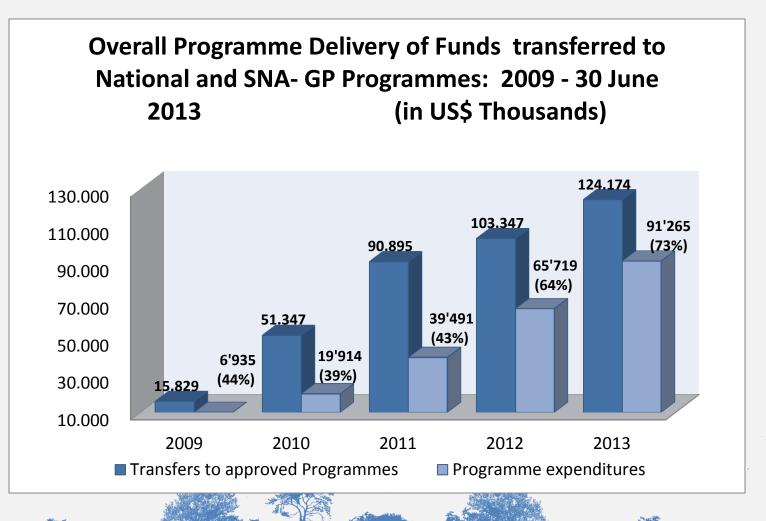




National and SNA - GP Programmes proportion of total **Programme delivery (%)** 2009 - 30 June 2013 100% 86% 74% 80% 66% Delivery in % 64% 62% 60% 36% 38% 34% 40% 26% 14% 20% 0% 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 SNA- GP Expenditures National Programme Expenditures

UN-REDD PROGRAMME SEMI ANNUAL UPDATE 2013









### **SEMI-ANNUAL UPDATE 2013** National Programmes - Key Figures

- 17 countries with National Programmes:
  - 2 National Programmes completed operations: Philippines and Tanzania joining Indonesia and Viet Nam as "graduated" countries
  - Final independent evaluations Indonesia and Tanzania completed
  - 1 country with a new National Programme approved: Colombia





### **Summary of achievements Jan-June 2013**

- Strengthened institutional frameworks and governance for REDD+ in Cambodia, ROC, Ecuador, Nigeria, Paraguay, Solomon Islands, Tanzania and Zambia
- Stakeholder consultation processes supported in ROC, Nigeria, Panama, Paraguay, the Philippines, Solomon Islands, Sri Lanka, Tanzania, Zambia, Ecuador and PNG (the last 2 including FPIC).

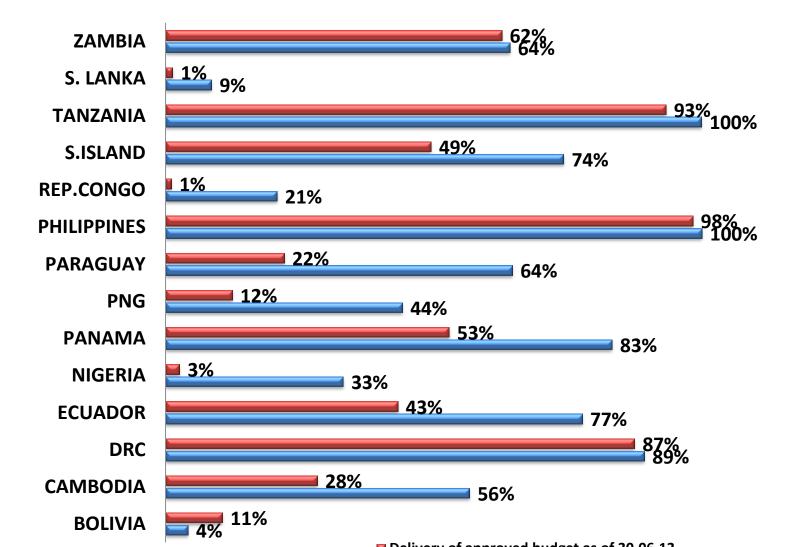




### Summary of achievements Jan-June 2013

- Capacities enhanced and advancement/completion of national forest monitoring systems, MRV, and RL/RELs in Cambodia, Congo, DRC, Ecuador, Panama, PNG, Paraguay, the Philippines, Solomon Islands, Sri Lanka, Tanzania and Zambia
- National safeguard systems and multiple benefit analyses supported in Cambodia, Ecuador, Nigeria, Paraguay, Tanzania and Zambia

#### National Programme Delivery in Relation to Programme Duration

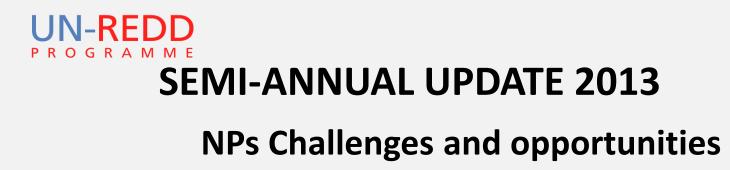


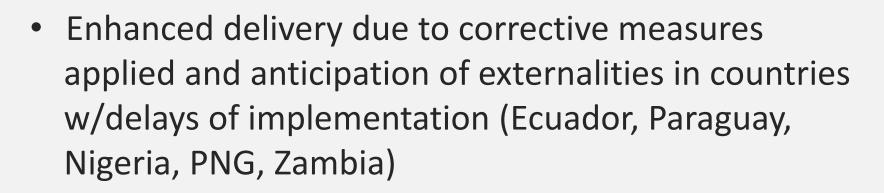




## **SEMI-ANNUAL UPDATE 2013** NPs Challenges and Opportunities

- Bolivia's NP revised and validated in country in March 2013
- Panama's NP investigation and evaluation launched and completed, NP revised in response, and validated by COONAPIP General Assembly





 Further support to countries that completed NPs when possible → Viet Nam and DRC Tier 2 programmes and targeted support to fill NP gaps or extend support provided to 11 countries with NP.





- Enhanced understanding/implementation of components of NFMS in countries with NPs and all Partner Countries in Latin America and Caribbean region
- Advanced cooperation with Brazil's National Institute for Space Research (INPE)
- Enhanced cooperation with other initiatives, such as CD-REDD, FAO-MICCA-MAGHG, Silva Carbon and UNDP LECB Project, on capacity building for GHG inventories





- Finalization of first REDD+ Corruption Risk Assessments at national level in Kenya and the Philippines (10 additional countries)
- Global Expert Consultation on Tenure and REDD+ (Rome, February 2013) and a series of regional capacity building workshops.





- Guidelines on FPIC and its associated legal companion and an early guidance on grievance finalized
- CBR+ strategy developed in collaboration with GEF Small Grants Programme and allocation of funds approved at PB10
- National and local stakeholder networks and representative mechanisms strenghthened in Cambodia, Colombia, Cote d'Ivoire, DRC, Ecuador, Honduras, Myanmar, Panama, Paraguay, Peru and the Republic of Congo





- UN-REDD Programme conceptual framework for supporting country approaches to safeguards developed in May 2013
- Technical support and capacity building to development of national safeguards systems undertaken in Argentina, Bhutan, Costa Rica, the DRC, Ecuador, Nigeria, Peru and Viet Nam





- Policy Briefs on Putting REDD+ Safeguards into Practice and Multiple Benefits
- Global Symposium on REDD+ and Green
   Economy convened in Indonesia
- In DRC links between REDD+ and Green Economy development goals considered within the country's REDD+ framework strategy and investment plan





- Innovative knowledge management and communications formats.
- Launch of the Policy Brief on Private Sector Engagement in June 2013 garnered highest social media outreach for the Programme, with 22,000 blog hits and an estimated 200,000 accounts reached via Twitter.

### UN-REDD SEMI ANNUAL UPDATE 2013 SNA Highlights



- Additional resources received Norway's contribution of US\$ 16.4 million for 2013, enabled activation of new National Programmes and further support to local communities, CSOs and Indigenous Peoples.
- Draft SNA Monitoring Framework at output level developed, and the National Programme monitoring and evaluation framework further refined.
- Terms of reference for the Programme Evaluation developed and a work plan and process approved at the tenth Policy Board Meeting.





### SEMI-ANNUAL UPDATE 2013 Challenges and Opportunities

- Rapid growth in the number of countries demonstrates strong interest but also creates challenges in delivery
- External factors affected the implementation of several National Programmes





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## Thank You, Merci, Gracias!

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