

UN-REDD Targeted Support, Completed

Achievements against expected results for each country with targeted support approved and completed.

Country - Description of support / work area ¹ , - Total amount approved - Delivery rate ² as of 31 Dec 2014	Support as a complement to the country's National Programme	Expected main results / outputs	Results achieved and progress against expected results.
<p>CAMEROON Approved in Aug 2013. <i>Support to building national capacity for stakeholder participation in forest governance (FLEGT-REDD+ Interface).</i> (GOV) US\$ 35,800,100%</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Awareness raised among relevant stakeholders on the linkages between REDD+ and FLEGT and their participation in the processes encouraged. 2. Regular information-sharing between REDD+ and FLEGT processes and stakeholders promoted in the context of cross-sectoral coordination. 3. Good practices developed by the FLEGT process identified and used to enhance the REDD+ mechanism. 4. REDD+ and the FLEGT teams trained. 5. Joint REDD+-FLEGT activities developed and implemented. 	<p>1-5.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Progress made in setting-up a multi-stakeholder REDD+/FLEGT platform to build capacities of VPA/FLEGT team on REDD+ related issues and the REDD+ coordination team on FLEGT issues. - Linkages between REDD+ and FLEGT processes, based on the existing platforms, boosted through national workshop on EU Voluntary Partnership Agreement /FLEGT-REDD+ mechanisms and five informal exchange meetings - Four quarterly information bulletins on FLEGT/REDD+ produced.
<p>COLOMBIA Approved in Feb 2013. <i>Support to facilitation of stakeholder involvement for updating the country's REDD+ readiness preparation proposal.</i> (SE) US\$ 50,000, 86%</p>	<p>Yes, support in addition to the country's NP.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. UN-REDD National Programme Document and REDD+ (R-PP) developed involving relevant stakeholders. 2. The stakeholders to be integrated into the REDD + process are identified, along with the respective analysis of their expectations, capabilities and needs for their full and effective participation in the various stages of implementing the R-PP. 	<p>1-2.</p> <p>Indigenous peoples supported to participate in the design and implementation of the R-PP. As a result, IP groups reviewed and validated the R-PP at national level and presented it to the National REDD+ Table for adoption.</p>

¹ MRV&M=MRV and Monitoring; Gov=Governance; SE=Stakeholder Engagement; SF&MB=Safeguards and Multiple Benefits; GE&PS=Green Economy and Private Sector.

² Expenditure of total amount approved.

<p>GHANA Approved in May 2013. <i>Support to regular information sharing and awareness raising of stakeholders on common technical areas between REDD+ and FLEGT and encourage participation in the coordination between the processes.</i> (GOV) US\$ 40,000, 100%</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>1. Awareness raised of relevant stakeholders on common technical areas between REDD and FLEGT and encourage their participation in the coordination between the processes. 2. Regular information-sharing facilitated between REDD and FLEGT processes and stakeholders, in the context of cross sectoral coordination.</p>	<p>1. Areas for synergies between the REDD+/FLEGT identified. 2. Information sharing events to facilitate regular information- and knowledge-sharing between REDD+ and FLEGT processes and stakeholders put in place.</p>
<p>GUATEMALA Approved in Aug 2013. <i>Support to capacity building on legal aspects of REDD+ through an assessment of the existing legislation on tenure and property rights related to environmental goods and services.</i> (GOV) US\$ 21,000, 100%</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>Capacity built on legal aspects of REDD+ through an assessment of the existing legislation on tenure and property rights related to environmental goods and services.</p>	<p>The legal analysis detected gaps and inconsistencies of the climate change law adopted by Decree in 2013 in relation to REDD+, and tenure aspects. Recommendations in terms of legal reforms focused on the need to clarify tenure and carbon rights as well as benefit-sharing mechanisms, and respect indigenous people's rights. (In relation to the climate change law, specific regulations will be adopted according to the law). Reforms proposed in relation to the new forest law, in particular clarifying the terminology associated with environmental services and benefit sharing. (Validation undertaken)</p>
<p>PARAGUAY Approved in 2012. <i>Support to the development of the National Forest Monitoring System web dissemination platform (beta version) in Paraguay.</i> (MRV&M)</p>	<p>Yes, support in addition to the country's NP.</p>	<p>Development and capacities enhanced on satellite forest monitoring systems, including the development of the preliminary forests cover map (2011) and forest canopy change estimations; a beta version of the national web-portal on forest monitoring launched.</p>	<p>Enhanced capacity on development of methodologies and techniques for mapping forest coverage and forest cover changes tailored to the country's national situation and built on existing remote satellite data, technology and cartography in the country and using free and open source tools. - New open source tools developed in cooperation with the Brazilian National</p>

<p>US\$ 100,000, 93%</p>			<p>Institute for Space Research (INPE).³</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Despite being in its initial stage of development, a GIS web portal launched (http://paraguay-smf.org). - The web portal – a NFMS component being set up - to be used as a tool for sharing and disseminating information related to REDD+ and any other forest related activities.
<p>THE PHILIPPINES Approved in 2012 <i>Support to development of a capacity-building programme for the provision of information on safeguards at local level; development of REDD+ Readiness Developing Options for Benefit Distribution; and addressing Corruption Risks.</i> (GOV, SG&MB) US\$ 131,000, 98%</p>		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Capacity built on REDD+ Safeguards information. 2. Corruption risks addressed. Contribute to the initial REDD-Plus Strategy by supporting activities that will help identify and characterize corruption risks related to REDD-Plus and consequently identify mechanisms that will mitigate, if not totally eliminate, and then manage the identified corruption risks. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Local capacity to participate in the national safeguards process increased through a capacity building programme. Two pilot trainings delivered in conjunction with consultations for the development of the national safeguards guidelines (Palawan and Southern Leyte, November 2012) with follow up actions planned for early 2013. 2. Philippines REDD+ Corruption Risk Assessment in REDD+ implementation finalized by the Ateneo School of Government, guided by the Forest Management Bureau. The study points to strategic priority areas for intervention to tackle the top seven identified (most harmful and more likely) REDD+ corruption risks, and provides recommendations to prevent and monitor them. The analysis uses nationally-contextualized analytical frameworks of the National REDD+ Strategy and the Integrity Development Review (IDR) under the Office of the Ombudsman. <p>Gender disaggregated data allowed for the different perceptions and experiences of women and men in the forest sector to be highlighted. Final Report submitted May 2013.</p>

³ Developed in cooperation with the Brazilian National Institute for Space Research (INPE).

<p>PNG and SOLOMON ISLANDS (joint request) TS1 approved in June 2012 <i>Support to the development of a proposal for a regional support structure for forest monitoring and measurement for the Pacific. (MRV&M)</i> US\$ 100,000, 95%</p>	<p>Yes, support in addition to the countries' NPs.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A regionally endorsed proposal completed for a regional Pacific REDD+ monitoring and MRV support structure, submitted to international donors. 2. Strengthened capacity of SOPAC to become a regional focal point for forest information management and assessment for the Pacific region. 	<p>1-2. Consultation on funding proposal and regional project proposal with government stakeholders and regional partners, including Pacific UNFCCC focal points, finalized. Enhanced capacity on NFMS through NFMS training and regional technical meetings (20% women) and NFMS and consultations conducted with national government stakeholders at regional technical forestry meeting (34% women). Awareness of project raised among Asia-Pacific stakeholders at Asia-Pacific Regional Forestry Commission meeting (38% women).</p>
<p>SOUTH SUDAN Approved in March 2013. <i>Support to enhance stakeholder engagement in forest governance and REDD+ in response to specific technical and capacity needs identified by the country to strengthen national REDD+ readiness. (GOV)</i> US\$ 46,729, 75%</p>		<p>REDD+ coordination, stakeholder engagement and policy dialogue enhanced.</p>	<p>Main stakeholders identified through stakeholder mapping exercises. Key stakeholders, including civil society and local communities, informed on REDD+ through a series of national and sub-national workshops including stakeholders from various sectors. Understanding and capacity built on: the importance of forests; the REDD+ mechanism and its challenges and opportunities for South Sudan; opportunities and interest in engaging national stakeholders in the development of the REDD+ process in South Sudan; the joint FCPF/UN-REDD Programme Guidelines on Stakeholder Engagement and the role of FPIC in REDD+. Communication tools on REDD+ developed and adapted to the local context presented. Platforms and structures for stakeholder engagement strengthened.</p>
<p>REPUBLIC OF THE SUDAN <i>Support to capacity building on technical aspects of REDD+, conducting an initial REDD+ needs assessment and</i></p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>Capacity built on technical aspects of REDD+, conducting an initial REDD+ needs assessment and supporting the drafting of a roadmap for work to be undertaken in preparing for REDD+.</p>	<p>Capacity building enhanced on technical aspects of REDD+ and follow-up actions to be undertaken in preparing for REDD outlined. A multi-stakeholder workshop organized in Khartoum in February 2014, with a field visit to Gezira state on 13 February 2014. The workshop</p>

<p><i>supporting the drafting of a roadmap for work to be undertaken in preparing for REDD+.</i> (SG&MB, GE&PS) US\$ 27,900, 107%</p>			<p>covered the basic components of REDD+, REDD+ and climate change, Sudan's REDD+ process to date - including an assessment of country needs, as well as presentations from local communities and the private sector.</p>
<p>VIET NAM Approved in Sept 2012 (US\$ 116,000 <i>Support to enter initial phase of Participatory Governance Assessment.</i> (GOV) US\$ 116,000, 100%</p>	<p>Yes, support in addition to the country's NP.</p>	<p>Undertake PGA for REDD+ in Vietnam</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Management and implementation structures of PGA established through stakeholders' input and participation. 2. More thorough mappings of both stakeholders and existing forest governance initiatives undertaken. 3. Possibly, depending on stakeholders views on the scope of the PGA, more provincial and district consultations held first two quarters of 2012. 	<p>1-3. 1-3: Viet Nam completed their first PGA reports since 2012 and undertook ICA to inform further support and implementation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Viet Nam launched its PGA report/ executive summary in December 2014. - In Vietnam, Lam Dong province expressed that the PGA will be part of their Provincial REDD Action Plan (P-RAP). - PGA data suggested to feed into national and provincial SIS in Viet Nam. <p>Details: The Viet Nam PGA met preliminary milestones including analysis of institutions and context, governance issues selected, enhanced capacity on indicator development through training, drafting of indicators completed and field-tested through data collection in the Lam Dong province. An expert group, responsible for the overall direction of the PGA, set up to accommodate Vietnamese stakeholders' expressed demand for more expert input throughout the PGA process. To ensure that the final report has sufficient expert involvement and reflects different stakeholders' inputs and viewpoints, the launch of the report with critical findings and recommendations for improvements agreed to be postponed until Q2 of 2014, and follow-up (similar to Indonesia) with disseminating key</p>

			findings and discussing various usages will be taking place towards Q3 and Q4 of 2014.
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