

TERMS OF REFERENCE

NATIONAL CONSULTATION RESULTS OF PGA FOR REDD+ AND FOREST GOVERNANCE DATA COLLECTION IN 31 LOCATIONS (CENTRAL, PROVINCE AND DISTRICT) IN INDONESIA

Hotel Shangrila, Jakarta, 29 October 2012

Background

The President of the Republic of Indonesia has committed to reduce green house gas emission by 26 percent, or up to 41 percent with international support and above 41 percent through carbon market mechanism by 2020. Emission reduction from the forestry and peatland sectors is expected to contribute 54% to the total emission reduction. The effort to reduce green house gas emission faces significant challenges. That is because the basic platform for natural resources management has not materialised despite massive exploitation of natural resources that has taken place.

Fish bone analysis to develop a National Strategy for REDD+ Implementation (which were consulted in seven regions in Indonesia) agreed that one of the root causes that hinder REDD+ implementation is weak forest governance and law enforcement along with several other root causes which are closely related to governance issue. Therefore, apart from technical forestry aspect, the success of the REDD+ preparation and implementation phase is highly dependent on the ability to address and resolve a number of issues related to forest and peatland governance issues in Indonesia. That is also in line with the agreement reached at the UNFCCC at the COP 16 Cancun-Mexico whereby each state participating in REDD+ needs to develop a safeguard information mechanism and strengthen forest and peatland governance while respecting the sovereignty of each state.

Weak governance in natural resources management is the consequence of a number of interrelated factors. Governance issues and shortcomings are frequently encountered, such as the lack of law enforcement, social marginalisation, untransparent decision making, abuse of legislative, judicative and executive powers, absence of bureaucratic accountability, arbitrary policies, unfair allocation of resources and widespread corruption. More specifically, the issue of participation and the content of regulations of law are inconsistent with problems in the field or contrary to other development goals, accountability, how implementation of regulation does not meet expectations, overlaps etc. The issue of transparency including corruption and abuse of authority; the issue of equity including poverty and conflict pertaining to the utilisation of natural resources; and the issue of efficiency and effectiveness including resources misallocation. On the contrary, good governance is marked by the respect for legal certainty, transparency and free flow of information, significant citizen participation, equity, high level of accountability, effective public resources management and control over corruption.

With consideration to these governance issues and challenges, the participatory governance for REDD+ (and forest governance) assessment seeks to provide technically solid and credible baseline data on Indonesia's preparedness level in implementing REDD+ scheme (in terms of governance aspects) to the stakeholders, particularly Ministry of Forestry, UKP4, Bappenas, and to serve as a monitoring instrument for the three pillars of forest governance and peatland management in Indonesia. This assessment also provides policy recommendation paper on forest governance and management strengthening in REDD+ implementation at national and sub-national levels. The result of the assessment will produce an approach which will guarantee the involvement and benefits of REDD+ implementation particularly for the indigenous community, women's group and forest dependent people. Finally, the result of the assessment will be used as the basis on which to formulate a roadmap to improve REDD+ governance in Indonesia.

Using a set of forest governance and REDD+ indicators developed jointly through intensive consultation with various stakeholders, data collection was performed at the central level, 10 provinces with large forest cover areas such as Aceh, Riau, Jambi, South Sumatera, West Kalimantan, Central Kalimantan, East Kalimantan, Central Sulawesi, Papua and West Papua and two districts in each selected province. Data were collected using several methods such as resourceperson interview, document and media analysis from June 2012 up to early October 2012 by LP3ES. Currently, the data collected at 31 locations have been compiled and presented in a report, requiring feedback from the main stakeholders at the assessment locations, before it can be used as a forest governance and REDD+ assessment material.

Objectives

1. To present the data collection report to the main stakeholders as a form of participatory forest governance and PGA REDD+ assessment.
2. To gather inputs, comments, and recommendations for improvement on the draft data collection report prepared by LP3ES before it is used as a material for formulating forest governance and REDD+ index for 31 assessment locations.
3. To discuss the development of an integrated data system which can be used to monitor forest governance and REDD+ periodically.

Output

1. The stakeholders are well informed of the result of the data collection performed by LP3ES at each assessment location, and on how the data will be used to meet the previously set target of the forest governance and REDD+ assessment.
2. List of inputs, comments and suggestions for the draft data collection report from stakeholders at the 31 locations is available and used as a material to improve the final data collection report.
3. Inputs related to model and mechanism for an integrated forest governance and REDD+ data inventorised for the use of next regular assessment from the national consultation participants data.

The national consultation

This national consultation will be dealt with in different stages. The first stage is preparation. During this stage, the interim report for each location will be sent to the selected participants via email one week before the national consultation. The participants are expected to study the report and if necessary to bring additional document or information which will be used to complement or correct the data collected by LP3ES.

The second stage is the organization of the national consultation in Jakarta on October 29. The agenda has four main components. Firstly, there will be a session including opening, presentations on the background, assessment framework, objectives and final results of the data collection. This session is expected to provide an overview of the forest governance and REDD+ assessment and the benefits for forest resource management and green house gas emission reduction from the forestry sector. This will be followed by the objectives and technical aspects of the discussion.

The second component of the national agenda is a discussion of the report followed by interim assessment per indicator based on the data collected. Participants of the group discussion will be divided per province. Each group comprises participants from the province and two districts under the same province. The central government group comprises officials from the central level. During the third main session, participants are requested to discuss the model and mechanism to integrate the forest governance and REDD+ data. The fourth session is the closing of the national consultation, whereby information on the follow-up for the national consultation will be provided.

Time and Venue

The National Consultation will be held on:

Day and date	: Monday, 29 October 2012 (start at 09:00 am)
Venue	: Shangrila Hotel, Jakarta

Participants

This event will be attended by the main stakeholders of forest governance and REDD+ in Indonesia at the central, provincial and district levels, particularly those from the assessment locations.

- Participants from the central level comprise several directorates at Ministry of Forestry, Bappenas and Public Works, civil society organisations, forest business associations and local and indigenous community organisations.
- Participants from the province comprise representatives from the forestry agency, civil society organisations, indigenous community organisations and land based business associations.
- Participants from the district comprise the forestry agency and civil society/indigenous/local organisations.

The estimated total number of participants is 115 comprising 80 participants from sub-national level (province and district) and 7 participants from national level, 7 members of expert panel, 15 data collectors, UNDP Indonesia, UN-REDD Global Programme and National Programme Indonesia, observers and other guests.

Logistics

UNDP Indonesia will provide round trip economy ticket and DSA to participants from outside Jakarta in accordance with harmonised rate of UNDP and Bappenas. Participants are requested to arrange their own round trip ticket (economy class), accommodation, and transportation during the event and UNDP will reimburse the cost during the event in accordance with the applicable UNDP regulation.

AGENDA
NATIONAL CONSULTATION
RESULTS OF FOREST GOVERNANCE AND PGA REDD+ DATA COLLECTION IN
31 LOCATIONS (CENTRAL, PROVINCE AND DISTRICT) IN INDONESIA

JAKARTA, 29 OCTOBER 2012

Time	Agenda	Responsible Person
09:00-09:15	Opening <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remarks from UNDP Indonesia 	Stephen Rodriques, Deputy Country Director, UNDP Indonesia
09:15-09:30	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remarks from Ministry of Forestry 	Secretary General of Ministry of Forestry/Special Staff of Minister of Forestry
09:30-09:15	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remarks and opening from UKP4/ REDD+ Task Force 	MAS ACHMAD SANTOSA Head of Working Group Legal Review and Law Enforcement REDD+ Task Force, Indonesia
09:45-10:45	Foreword for Group Discussion <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Overview of National Consultation Agenda Data collection process Assessment framework of PGA and, group discussion mechanism and expected results 	Dr. Abdul Wahib Situmorang, PGA Project Manager Rustam Ibrahim-LP3ES Prof. Dr. Hariadi Kartodihardjo-PGA Expert Panel Coordinator
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Objectives 	
10:45-11:00	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Break 	
11:00-12:30	Discussion of interim assessment	LP3ES Reseracher and PGA Expert Panel
12:30-13:30	PRAYER and LUNCH	
13:30-15:00	Continued discussion	
15:00-15:15	Break	
15:15-17:30	Discussion of interim assessment	LP3ES Reseracher and PGA Expert Panel
17:30-19:00	Break	
19:00-20:30	Discussion on interim assesment and development of forest governance and REDD+ network or data centre	LP3ES Reseracher and PGA Expert Panel
20:30-21:00	Brief report from group discussion facilitator	PGA Expert Panel Coordinator
21:00-21:10	Closing	Abdon Nababan-PGA Expert Panel Member Tina Hageberg, UN-REDD Global Programme

Participant Matrix

Central	Name of Participants from Central Level	Provinces	Name of Participants from the Province	Districts	Name of Participants from the District
National Institutions based in Jakarta		Aceh		West Aceh (high) & Southeast Aceh (low)	
		Riau		Palalawan (high) & Siak (low)	
		Jambi		West Tanjung Jabung (high) & East Tanjung Jabung (low)	
		South Sumatra		Musi Rawas (high) & Musi Banyu Asin (low)	
		West Kalimantan		Ketapang (high) & Kapuas Hulu (low)	
		Central Kalimantan		Kapuas Hulu & West Kota Waringin (low)	

		East Kalimantan		Berau (high) & Nunukan (low)	
		Central Sulawesi		Donggala (high) & Poso (low)	
		West Papua		Manokwari (high) & Fakfak (low)	
		Papua		Sarmi (high) & Yapenwaropen (low)	