

## Programme Monitoring Framework

Expected Results (Outputs)	Indicators (with baselines & indicative timeframe)	Proposed Revision
1.1 National REDD+ Readiness Coordination Mechanism established	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Baseline: interim Taskforce, no approved ToR</li> <li>- By 6/2012 a multi-agency Taskforce is approved</li> <li>- By 6/2012 a draft Taskforce TOR is agreed</li> </ul>	<p>Baseline: Initial formal TF meeting expected August 2013</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• By the end of 2013, the TF has met on at least on 2 occasions and has established rules of procedure and working process</li> <li>• By the end of the Programme, the TF has made policy decisions related to key elements of a national REDD+ system, including a safeguards system, BDS, NFMS, etc.</li> <li>• The Consultation Group is formed by the end of August 2013</li> <li>• By the end of the Programme, all members of the Consultation Group consider that the TF has taken account of advice from the Consultation Group</li> <li>• All Technical Teams are established by the end of September, 2013</li> <li>• By the end of the Programme, all TTs have provided regular technical advice to the TF/CG</li> </ul>
1.2 Support to National REDD+ Readiness process	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Baseline: no Secretariat or Advisory Group</li> <li>- By 6/2012 a Taskforce Secretariat is formed</li> <li>- Taskforce Secretariat is able to effectively coordinate and support Taskforce meetings and regular meetings of technical teams</li> <li>- By end 2012 2 capacity building exercises have been carried out with Taskforce, secretariat and government agencies</li> </ul>	<p>Baseline: Secretariat established and fully staffed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All TF, CG and TT meetings are organized effectively and efficiently</li> <li>• By the end of the Programme, at least 80% of the members of the TF, CG and TTs confirm satisfaction with the role played by the Secretariat</li> <li>• By the end of the Programme, other initiatives (e.g., Cam-REDD, LEAF) confirm that the Secretariat has supported the broader REDD+ readiness process in Cambodia</li> </ul>
1.3 Stakeholders are engaged in the REDD+ Readiness process	<p>Baseline: Consultation Plan prepared, 4 National Consultation Events</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- At least 6 consultation events per year</li> <li>- Minutes show that consultations follow the principles in the Roadmap</li> <li>- By 12/2012 a consultation program for the national REDD+ strategy has been developed</li> </ul>	<p>Baseline: No effective stakeholder engagement at the beginning of the programme; considerable investment in CG selection during the first 18 months of the programme</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A survey conducted near the end of the Programme reveals that, averaged across nine stakeholder groups<sup>1</sup>, at least 67% of members of stakeholder groups represented on the CG confirm that their views on policy decisions considered by the Taskforce are effectively communicated to the Taskforce</li> </ul>
1.4 Stakeholders provided with access to information on REDD+ and the National REDD+ Readiness process	<p>Baseline: Khmer awareness-raising materials available, no website</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- By 09/2012 a REDD+ information and dissemination website has been created</li> <li>- By 09/2012 an awareness raising plan has been developed</li> <li>- By 09/2012 local communication tools have been developed</li> <li>- At least 12 awareness raising events by mid-2013</li> </ul>	<p>Baseline: Information available assumed to be minimal at start of the programme; a survey at the CG selection workshop will establish level of awareness</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A survey conducted near the end of the Programme reveals that all members of the CG confirm that they have access to the necessary information on REDD+</li> <li>• A survey conducted near the end of the Programme reveals that, averaged across nine stakeholder groups, at least 67% of members of stakeholder groups represented on the CG are able to outline key features of REDD+</li> </ul>

<sup>1</sup> The nine stakeholder groups are: Academia, Private Sector, International NGOs, National NGOs, CSOs, IPs, Community Forests, Community Fisheries, Community Protected Areas

Expected Results (Outputs)	Indicators (with baselines & indicative timeframe)	Proposed Revision
2.1 Development of individual REDD+ strategies and implementation modalities	Baseline: draft REDD+ Strategy in Roadmap - By mid-2013 line agency specific REDD+ strategies have been developed for FA, FIA and GDANCP - By mid-2013 at least four Capacity building activities being carried out for each agency	Baseline: draft REDD+ Strategy in Roadmap <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• By June 2014, draft strategy proposals have been developed for forests under the administration of FA, GDANCP, and FIA</li> <li>• By the end of the programme, these draft strategies have been adopted and incorporated into an initial draft of a National REDD+ Strategy</li> <li>• A survey conducted near the end of the programme reveals that at least 50% of professional staff of FA, GDANCP, and FIA consider that their agencies have adequate capacities to plan and implement REDD+ actions</li> </ul>
2.2 Valuation of co-benefits	Baseline: UNEP-WCMC co-benefits report - By mid-2013 valuation reports are available for four large forested landscapes in the country - By mid-2013 information is available on local opportunity costs of REDD+ versus other livelihood options	Baseline: UNEP-WCMC co-benefits report <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• By September 2014, 50% of professional staff of FA, GDANCP, and FIA are able to describe the relative values of forests under different management regimes</li> <li>• By June 2014, 75% of key decision makers in line agencies and all members of the TF and CG are able to give an estimate of the costs of implementing REDD+ activities versus other land use options</li> </ul>
2.3 Revenue-sharing studies	Baseline: existing pilot projects - By 09/2012 a Benefits Sharing Technical Team is formed - By early 2013 initial assessment of REDD+ fund management options – including legal assessment - By early-2013 an analysis of possible benefit sharing arrangements is complete. - By mid-2013 consultation on different sharing mechanisms is complete. - By mid 2013 – consultation on options completed and plan for fund management developments in place.	Baseline: Benefit distribution process identified in existing pilot projects <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• By the end of 2013, a policy brief on revenue sharing and benefit distribution has been approved by the TF</li> <li>• By March 2014, options for revenue sharing and benefit distribution have been produced for broad consultation</li> <li>• By the end of the Programme, proposals for revenue sharing and benefit distribution have been produced based on results of broad stakeholder consultation</li> </ul>
2.6 Safeguards and monitoring of co-benefits	Baseline: No national REDD+ safeguards; Monitoring systems in place in some forested landscapes - By 03/2013 nationally-appropriate safeguards have been prepared - By mid-2013 indicators to monitor co-benefits have been prepared	Baseline: No national REDD+ safeguards; Monitoring systems in place in some forested landscapes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• By the end of 2013, initial proposals for key elements/principles to be included for a nationally appropriate system of safeguards have been produced.</li> <li>• By April 2014, a revised proposal for key elements/principles to be included for a nationally appropriate system of safeguards has been produced, incorporating feedback from broad stakeholder consultation.</li> <li>• By August 2014, initial proposals for key measures and indicators for assessing and monitoring the statuses of selected elements/principles under safeguards have been produced</li> <li>• By the end of the Programme, the TF has approved a nationally appropriate system of safeguards</li> </ul>
3.1 Development of National REDD+ project guidelines and approval of funding for	Baseline: - By 10/2012 REDD+ Projects Team established - By 12/2012, identification of areas in which sub-national approach should be	Baseline: No REDD+ implementation guidelines exist <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• By the end of 2013, an analysis of options to integrate sub-national approaches within a national REDD+ system has been completed</li> </ul>

Expected Results (Outputs)	Indicators (with baselines & indicative timeframe)	Proposed Revision
demonstration sites	prioritised - By Mid 2013 - at least two sub-national demonstration sites are under development	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>By June 2014, a broad-based consultation process has identified potential options to guide implementation</li> <li>By the end of the Programme, the TF has approved REDD+ implementation guidelines, including for sub-national implementation</li> </ul>
3.2 Pilot project activities	Baseline: no sales of carbon credits - By end of 2012 2 pilot projects are supported - By mid-2013 at least 2 projects are making sales on the voluntary carbon market	Baseline: Several NGO-driven demonstration projects are under implementation and are designed to generate lessons on REDD+ readiness <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>By the end of 2013, at least 5 Policy briefs have been produced through demonstration projects; and have been reviewed, or are under review by TTs</li> <li>By the end of the Programme, the TF has approved at least 6 Policy Briefs or methodologies developed by demonstration projects through UN-REDD Programme funding</li> </ul>
4.1 Establishment National MRV/REL Technical Team and build appropriate national capacity	Baseline: no MRV/REL Technical Team, 1 training course held on MRV/REL - By 7/2011 a MRV/REL Technical Team is established. - By 7/2011 MRV/REL advisor is in place - By mid-2013 at least six training courses on MRV/REL have been held	Baseline: No MRV/REL Technical team and national REDD+ MRV/REL coordinating mechanisms <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>By June 2014 assessment of Institutional arrangement and staff capacity has been completed</li> <li>By June 2014 MRV/REL Technical Team have submitted at least three proposals to TF for decisions required to establish the national forest monitoring system</li> <li>By end of the programme key professional staff of FA, GDANCP, and FiA are able to describe key MRV components, and institutional roles and responsibilities</li> </ul>
4.2 Develop Cambodia Monitoring system plan	Baseline: principles for a Monitoring system plan in Section 6 of the Roadmap - By 03/2013 a national monitoring system is designed	Baseline: No National forest definition and classification <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>By June 2014 recommendations have been provided to establish and decide on National forest definition, land-use classes, carbon pools and reference period</li> <li>By end of the programme zero-forest map has been developed</li> </ul>
4.3 Review of forest cover assessments to provide REDD+ activity data and design the satellite forest monitoring system	Baseline: current forest cover assessments - By end of 2011 the 2010 forest cover assessment is complete - By mid-2013 forest cover data sets have been reanalysed	Baseline: Current forest cover assessments, limited accessibility of data <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>By June 2014 web-based satellite monitoring system developed</li> <li>By the end of the programme web based satellite monitoring system includes data on past and current forest cover changes</li> </ul>
4.4 Design of a National Forest Inventory to develop emission and removal factors for REDD+ related activities	Baseline: principles for a Monitoring system plan in Section 6 of the Roadmap - By end-2012 existing forest carbon stock data has been collected and harmonized - By end of 2012 a national forest inventory system is developed - By 09/2012 a central database is created - By end of 2012 pilot field data collection has been completed	Baseline: No Existing National Forest Inventory and comprehensive database of existing emission factors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>By end of 2013 a national forest inventory has been designed.</li> <li>By June 2014 existing carbon stock and emission data has been identified and catalogued in a database, data to be shared on webplatform is identified</li> <li>By the end of the programme existing emission factors and inventory data is accessible through web-based platform</li> </ul>
4.5 Support the development of a REDD+ related	Baseline: only the Department of Climate Change have capacity for GHG reporting - By end of 2012, FA, GDANCP and FiA	Baseline: INC and draft SNC <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>By June 2014 Data sharing procedure between institutions and archiving system developed to ensure data access for</li> </ul>

Expected Results (Outputs)	Indicators (with baselines & indicative timeframe)	Proposed Revision
GHG Reporting System	understand current GHG reporting requirements under the UNFCCC - By mid-2013 capacity for GHG reporting has been established	the LULUCF GHG inventory • By the end of the programme MRV/REL TT and relevant institutions have prepared interim GHG inventory for the LULUCF sector
4.6 Support the development of Cambodia RL/REL framework	Baseline: draft report on the Assessment of Land-use, Forest Policy and Governance - By 09/2012 information on drivers is collated - By mid-2013a national RL/REL framework has been developed	Baseline: No existing National REL/RL baseline • By June 2014 data drivers of deforestation and forest degradation have been collated, national circumstances and land-use and forest policy and governance have been assessed • By the end of the programme the preliminary design of the REL framework and REL/RL baseline have been developed