REDD+ Safeguards in the Philippine Context

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In the Philippine context:

The safeguards ensure that in the conduct of REDD+, local actors and communities:

- Are full and effective participants in decisionmaking and implementation
- Equitably share in the carbon, social and environmental benefits derived from REDD+



Philippine National REDD+ Strategy

2010 - 2020

<u>Vision</u> Empowered forestlands managers and support groups sustainably and equitably managing forestlands and ancestral domains with enhanced carbon stock and reduced greenhouse gases emission.

Impact Areas

- Reduced forest degradation and deforestation
- Poverty alleviation
- Biodiversity conservation
- Improved governance

<u>Mission</u> Forestlands, protected areas, and ancestral domains managers to assume responsibility in implementing REDD-plus programs, research, projects and activities with the support of the international, national and local agencies, NGOs and other support groups.

Policy and Rights Framework

- Constitutional Rights
 - Right to balanced and healthful ecology
 - Public participation, access to justice, access to information
 - Public accountability, transparency
- Environmental Impact Statement System
- Free and Prior Informed Consent
 - Indigenous Peoples Rights Act & Revised Guidelines for FPIC 2012
- Benefit sharing
 - Forest Code, Local Government Code, National Integrated Protected Areas System

- Community-based Forest Management Strategy
- National Climate Change Action Plan
- Philippine National REDD+ Strategy
 - Corruption Risk Assessment Project (ongoing under UN-REDD Philippine program)
- National REDD+ Safeguards
 Guidelines (being developed under
 UN-REDD Philippine program)

Challenges



Didipio IP. Image: Solidarity Philippines Australia Network

- No focused experience on forests exclusively
- No formal way to check effectiveness of monitoring/implementation
- Little concentrated efforts to streamline safeguards monitoring/implementation in forest sector
- Lack of clearinghouse mechanisms
- Corruption risks in the Forestry and Natural Resource Sectors

Financial Flows

- Current: "Traditional" aid and bilateral/multilateral assistance
- Long-term:
 - Inclusion in national budget items (People's Survival Fund, etc.)
 - Financing through local development banks (Landbank, Development Bank of the Philippines)
- Ultimately: vision of REDD+ beyond carbon credits



Innovations

- Strong CSO leadership in context of presented by gaps in government leadership
- REDD+ 101 for government officials, CSOs, communities
- REDD+ Hour and COLOR IT REDD+, REDD+ Roadshows
 - Communities are able to connect with REDD+ culturally and through other grassroots activities





The PNRPS presents REDD+ as an opportunity to achieve neutiple objectives and focuses beavily on communities, as most remaining forests in the Phillippines are under some form of community management, largely within indigenous lands. The PNRPS seeks not only to maximize REDD-plus lands. The PNRPS seeks not only to maximize REDD-plus as a tool to promote community entrepresent tentre and elective lands may be a seeked to be determined to an accommunity rights to determine how and whether they engage in REDD+.



Thank you!