



### **UN-REDD**

## National Approaches to RAMME Safeguards **UN-REDD Support to**





Safeguards Coordination Group The 3<sup>rd</sup> Regional UN-REDD Information **Exchange Meeting on Social and Environmental Safeguards** 5-6 March 2013, Bangkok, Thailand

countries









# Core Elements of a National Approach to Safeguards

#### Institutions

1.Identification /
development of relevant
safeguards to be addressed
and respected:

Policies, laws and regulations (PLRs), either existing or those created for REDD+



### 2. Safeguard Information System (SIS):

Existing or new indicators, methodologies for collecting information, and framework for provision of information

**Processes and Procedures** 



## Framing the Work on Safeguards

Three main functional areas identified for UN-REDD safeguards work:

- Conceptualize framework for overarching country approaches to safeguards
  - Clarifying the role of all existing UN-REDD tools linked to safeguards
- 2. Identification of relevant safeguards to be addressed/respected
  - Developing approaches to help countries to assess their existing policies and compare these to Cancun requirements
- 3. Development and Structuring of SIS
  - Develop approaches to help countries to assess their existing systems that may already fulfill some of the functions of a REDD+ SIS





# Safeguard Policies, Laws, Regulations (PLRs)

- Addressing and respecting the safeguards through the implementation of PLRs
  - Depends on the country-defined objectives
  - Considering the specific potential REDD+ risks and benefits in the country
- Legal framework may not be required
  - E.g., national-level guidelines to promote/support a safeguard as opposed to a policy/law
- May already exist or need to be created





# Safeguard Information Systems (SIS)

- Approach for collecting and providing information on how REDD+ safeguards are being addressed and respected throughout REDD+ implementation
- Likely components:
  - Indicators
  - Methodologies for collection of information (e.g., household surveys)
  - Framework for provision of information
- Should build on existing systems to the extent possible





# Development of a Country approach to safeguards

- Not a fixed, linear path for design
- Will depend on:
  - what's in place
  - objectives defined by that country
- Throughout the process, effective participation will be essential





# Determining the Goals of the Country Approach to Safeguards

- Clearly define what the safeguards approach is supposed to do:
  - interpreting what is contained in the UNFCCC decisions from the country perspective
  - consideration of the specific social and environmental risks as well as benefits that might be associated with REDD+ in the country
  - Responding to any other goals identified by the country





## Developing Safeguard PLRs

- Gap analysis of existing country PLRs
  - consider what, if any, PLRs need to be in place to achieve the country's goals
- Determine the effectiveness of existing systems
  - Existing tools can be helpful to assess gaps
- Safeguard policy framework
  - Provides the basis for the country's response to UNFCCC and broader needs

ROGRAMME



### **Developing the SIS**

- Ideally follows the objective setting and PLR gap analysis
- National assessment of existing information sources and systems for information-sharing
- Development of indicators
- Information/data methodologies and approaches that address:
  - What data is to be collected (e.g. income data)
  - Methodologies to be used (e.g. household surveys; participatory approaches, such as participatory biodiversity monitoring)
  - Who collects the data
  - Frequency of data collection
  - The scale at which data is collected (e.g. at the country, local or project level)

ROGRAMME



# UN-REDD Support to National Work on Safeguards

The UN-REDD Programme frames its support on safeguards around the following two objectives:

- To address social and environmental issues in UN-REDD National Programmes and other UN-REDD funded activities
- 2. To support countries in developing national approaches to safeguards in line with the UNFCCC

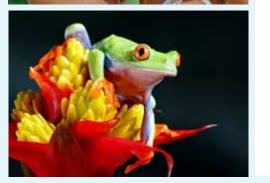




## SEPC and safeguards: Nigeria







### Nigeria (2011)

- Reviewed the Nigeria NPD in conjunction with the draft UN-REDD SEPC
- Discussed aspects of social and environmental safeguards for REDD+ in Nigeria;
- Identified key strengths and potential improvements in both of the documents they reviewed





## SEPC and safeguards: Nigeria







### Nigeria (2011)

- Joint review process reinforced relevance and applicability of the draft Principles & Criteria.
- Clear indications that the National REDD Programme satisfies the criteria, while in others new wording and clarification added, some activities were modified
- Some modifications to institutional arrangements to respond to needs identified in the light of the SEPC





### **SEPC** and safeguards: DRC







#### DRC

- Inputs to framework strategy on environmental REDD+ safeguards
- Commentary on the DRC national standards based on the SEPC as a guiding framework
- Further worked planned in 2013

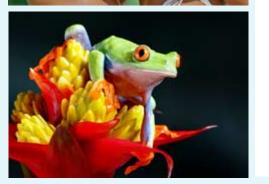




## Targeted support on safeguards 2013







#### Costa Rica

 Design of a single safeguard information system that takes into account different safeguard approaches (e.g. UN-REDD, FCPF, REDD+SES)

### Argentina

 Design of a single safeguard information system that takes into account different safeguard approaches (e.g. UN-REDD, FCPF) Consultations in four different regions will take place.

PROGRAMME







### **Discussion**









