





Monitoring and Information for REDD+ Interim report



UN-REDD Programme Policy Board Meeting 7, Berlin, October 14, 2011











Presentation outline



- Background and process
- Indicative key considerations
- Proposed next steps









Monitoring and information for REDD+

- UN-REDD Programme Strategy
 - Outlines the approach to MRV & Monitoring
- Lessons learnt to date
- Presentation and initial discussion at PB6
 - PB6 requested a report back to PB7
- Interim Report (UNREDD/PB7/2011/13)
- Further dialogue and consultation required





REDD+

5 Mitigation activities

Reducing deforestation

Reducing forest degradation

Conservation of carbon stocks

Sustainable management of forests

Enhancement of carbon stocks

Characteristics

Country-driven

National circumstances

Consistent with development goals

Consistent with adaptation needs

Equitable etc. financing

Results-based

7 Safeguards

Consistent

Transparent & Effective Governance

Rights of IP/Communities

Stakeholder Participation

Conservation

Address risk of Reversals

Reduce Displacement



The Cancun Agreements (UNFCCC COP 16)

- Requests developing country partners to develop:
 - National forest REL/RL (para 71 (b))
 - A robust and transparent national forest monitoring system for monitoring and reporting of REDD+ activities (para 71 (c))
 - A system for providing information on how the safeguards are being addressed and respected (para 71 (d))
- Requests SBSTA to develop modalities for 71 (b) and (c) and guidance for 71 (d) for COP17





REDD+ success depends on getting monitoring right

- Meet UNFCCC requirements
 - e.g. Cancun agreement paras 60-61;70-73; Annexes I and II
- Serve national policy processes and decisions
 - varying needs between countries
 - link to national development strategies
- Ensure effective and agreeable local implementation





... getting it right

- Info needs overlap between policy areas
 - Synergies in data collection and analyses desirable
- Long-term institutional perspective necessary
- National specificity
 Global compatibility
- Some functions may be more effectively provided internationally
 - E.g. remote sensing data supply





A range of information categories

- Drivers of deforestation and forest degradation
- RELs/RLs
- Progress on and impact of mitigation activities
- The wider range of products and ecosystem services provided by forests (multiple benefits)
- REDD+ safeguards





Levels and purposes of monitoring

Strategic level

 Purpose: Serve the needs of national policies and measures development and implementation and national/international reporting requirements

Operational level

- Purpose: Serve the needs of implementation on the ground, including assurances on result-based approach of REDD+ activities
- Different approaches / methods needed





Proposed next steps

- Dialogue with UN-REDD Programme countries and stakeholders on monitoring and information needs for REDD+
- Link closely with on-going REDD+ initiatives engaged in monitoring and information
- Prepare a draft report to the next Policy Board meeting



Thank you for listening!

