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Dr. Chen is interested in network science, network analytics, knowledge domain visualization, mapping scientific frontiers, and theories of scientific discoveries and creativity. Dr. Chen is the author of *Turning Points: The Nature of Creativity* (Springer, 2011), *Information Visualization: Beyond the Horizon* (Springer 2004, 2006), and *Network Science* (Springer 2003). He is the founder and the editor-in-chief of the *Journal of Informetrics*. Dr.

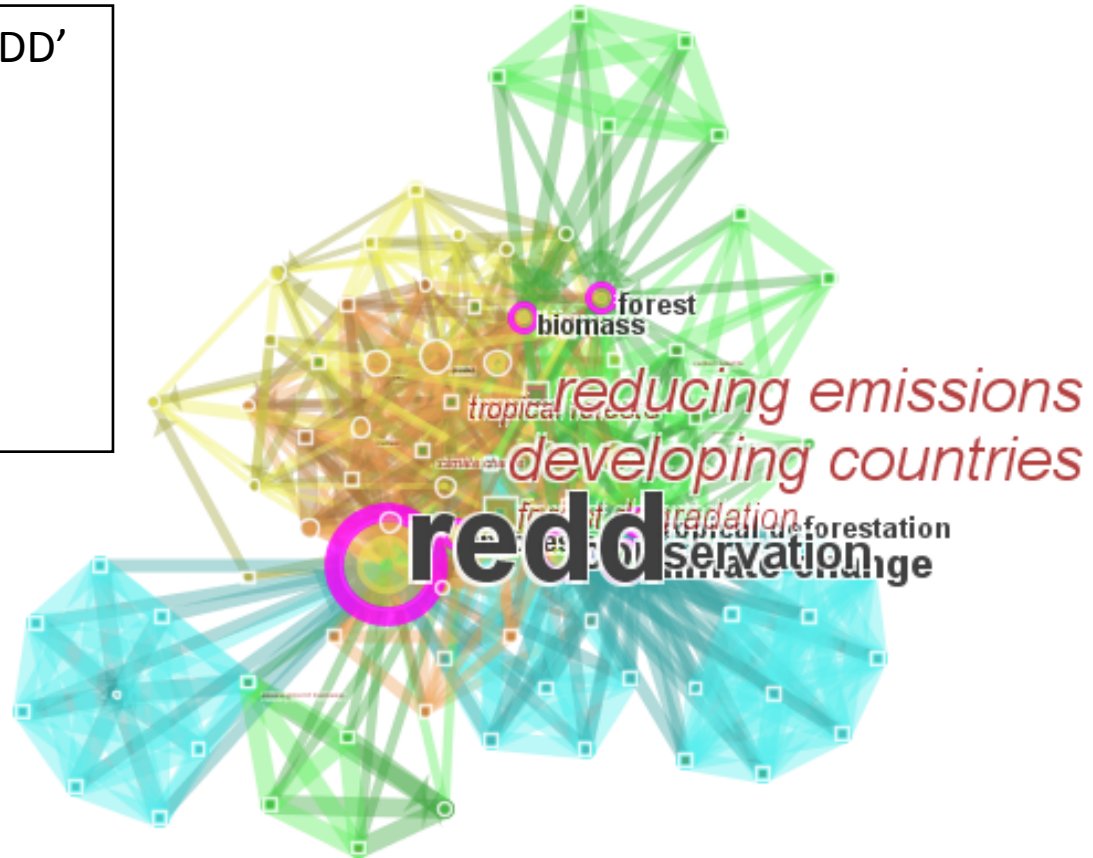
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011
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 Selection Criteria: Top 30 per slice
 Network: N=89, E=639 (Density=0.1632)

Web of Science search for 'REDD'

Co-concept network

Author keywords

Text phrases



2007

2008

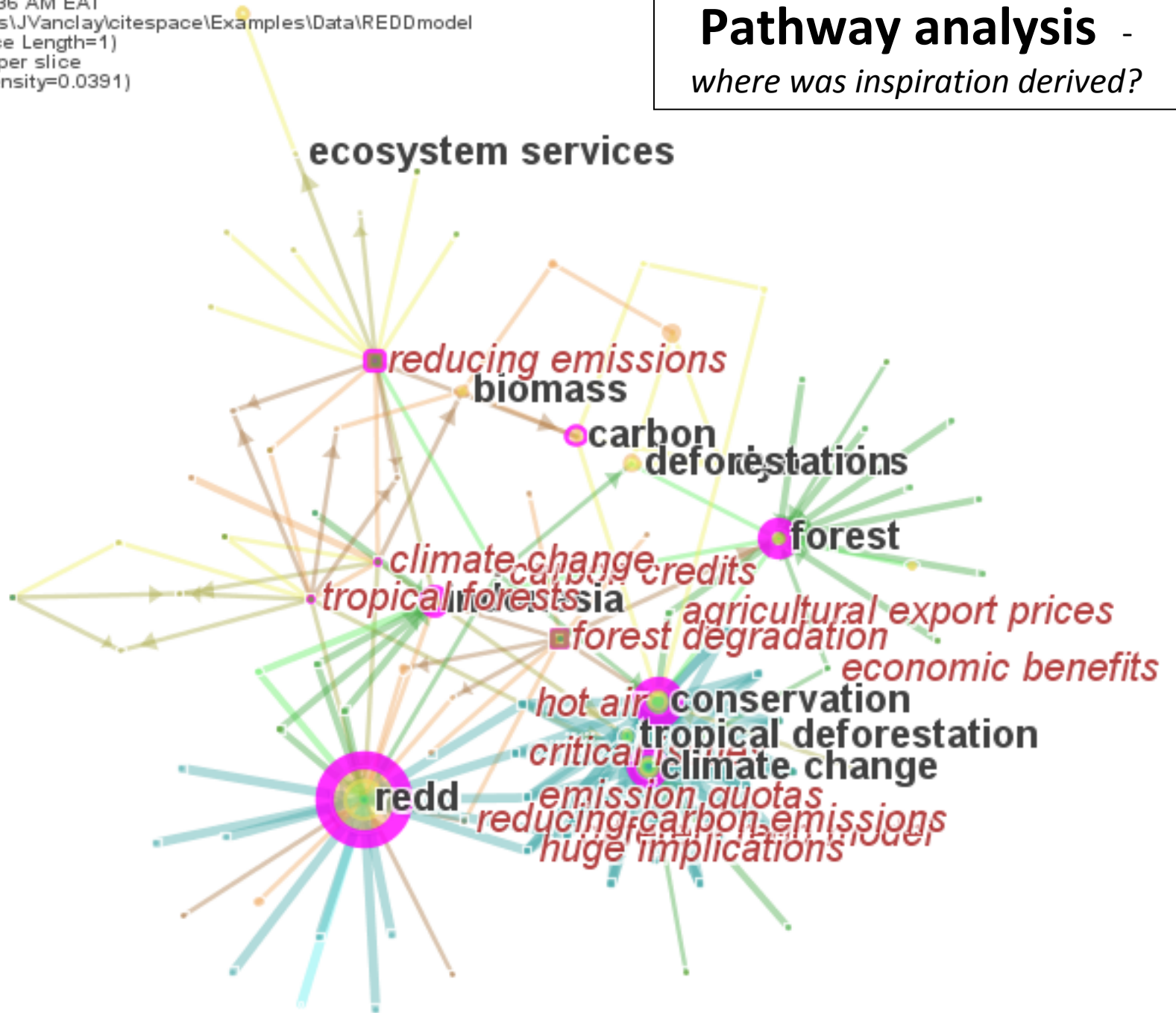
2009

2010

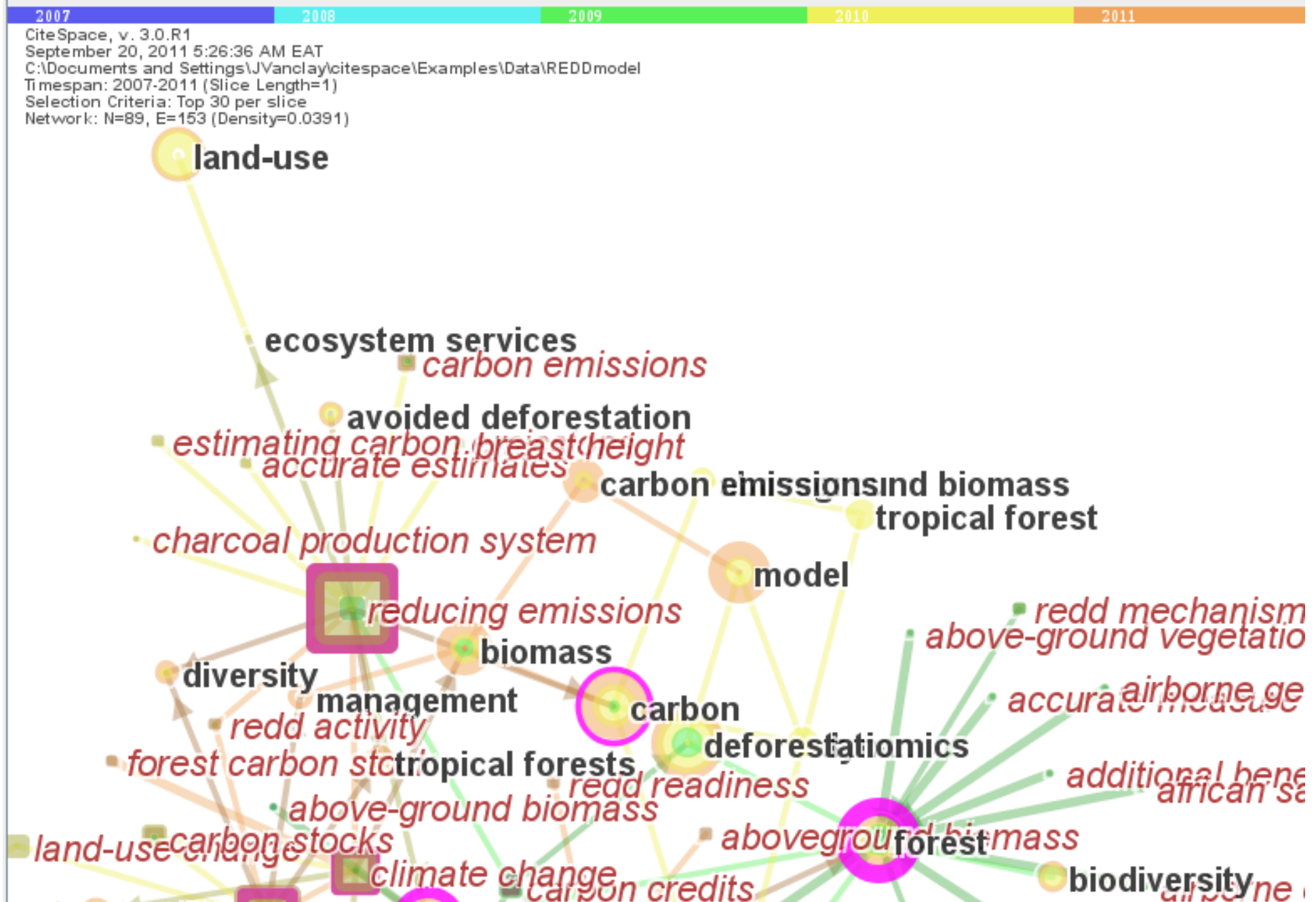
2011

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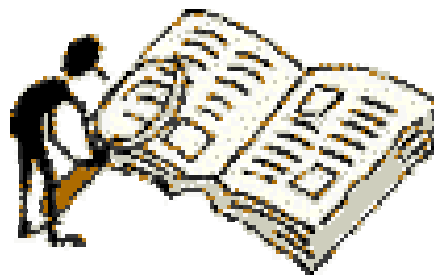
Pathway analysis -
where was inspiration derived?



More detail from the recent 'land use' corner: where are the people?

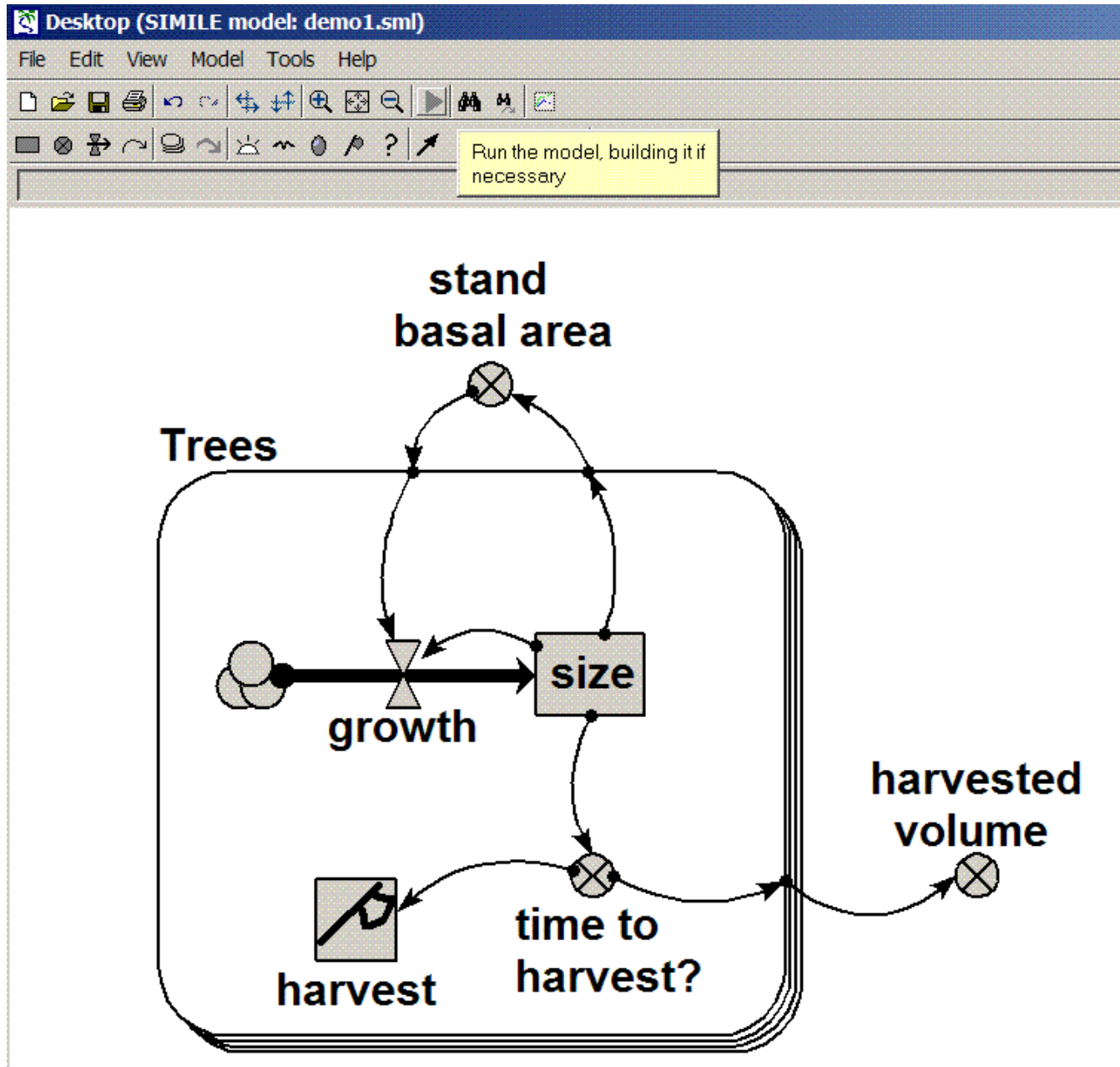


Scope	Detail	Process model (model the chemistry)	Empirical model (led by data)	'Rough n Ready' (best guess)
Field crops		😊😊😊😊😊	😊😊😊	😞
Trees		😊😊😊	😊😊😊😊😊	😊
Vegetation		😊	😊😊😊	😞
Biodiversity			😊	😞
Enviro-economics			😞	😞
Holistic socio-economics				😞

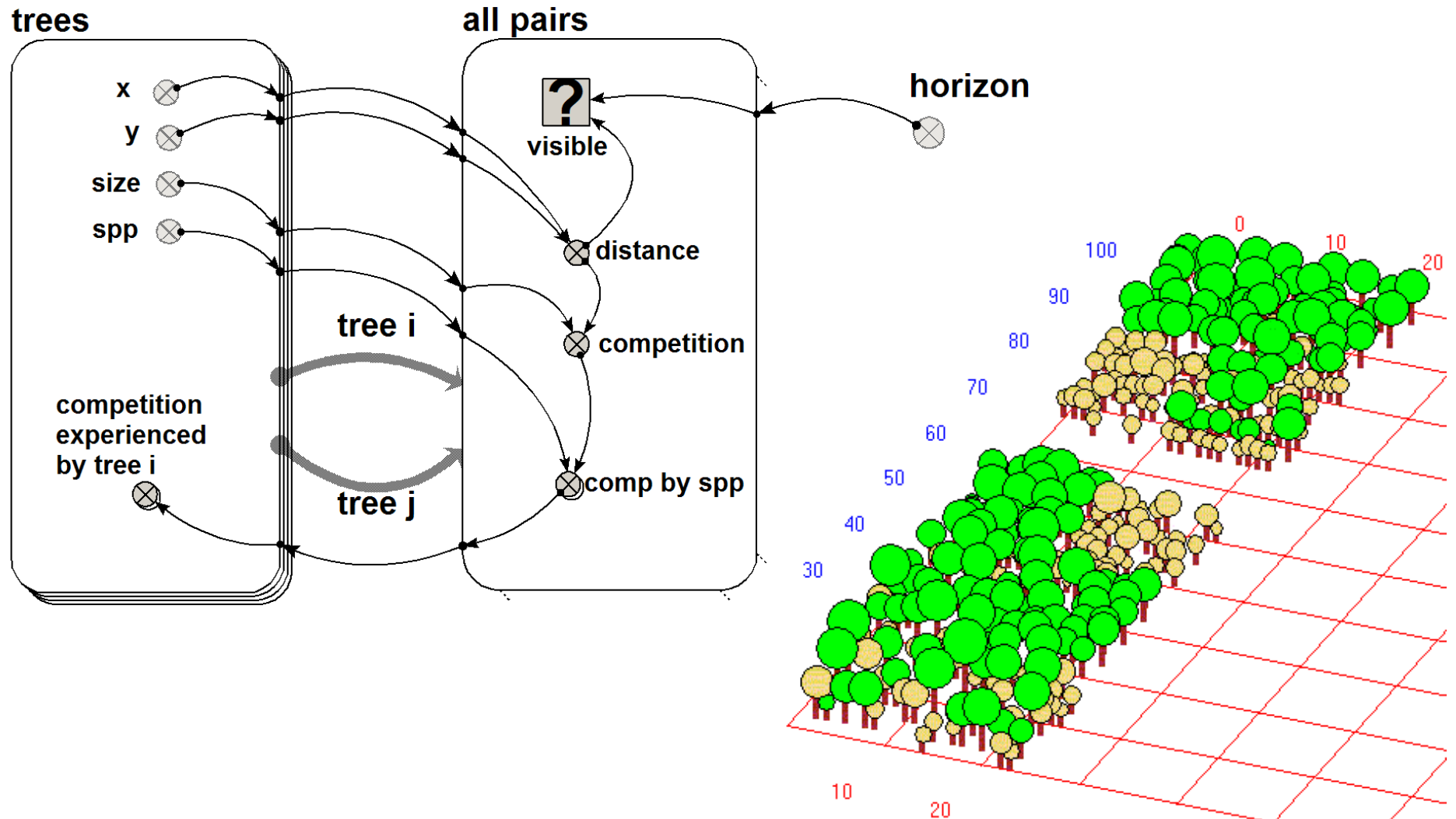
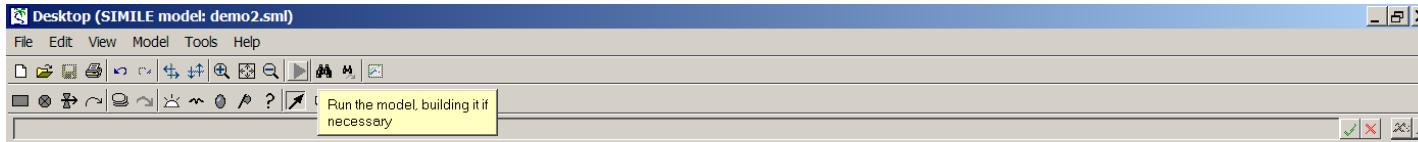




New tools: Simile from Simulistics.com

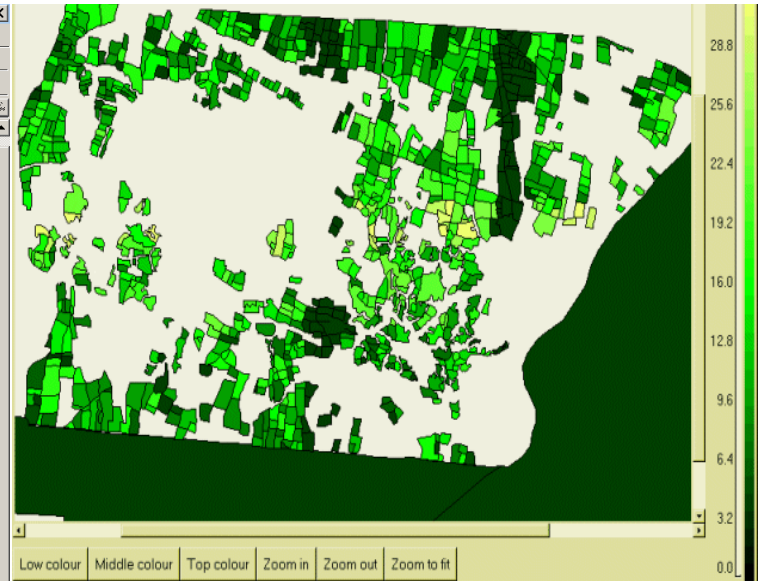
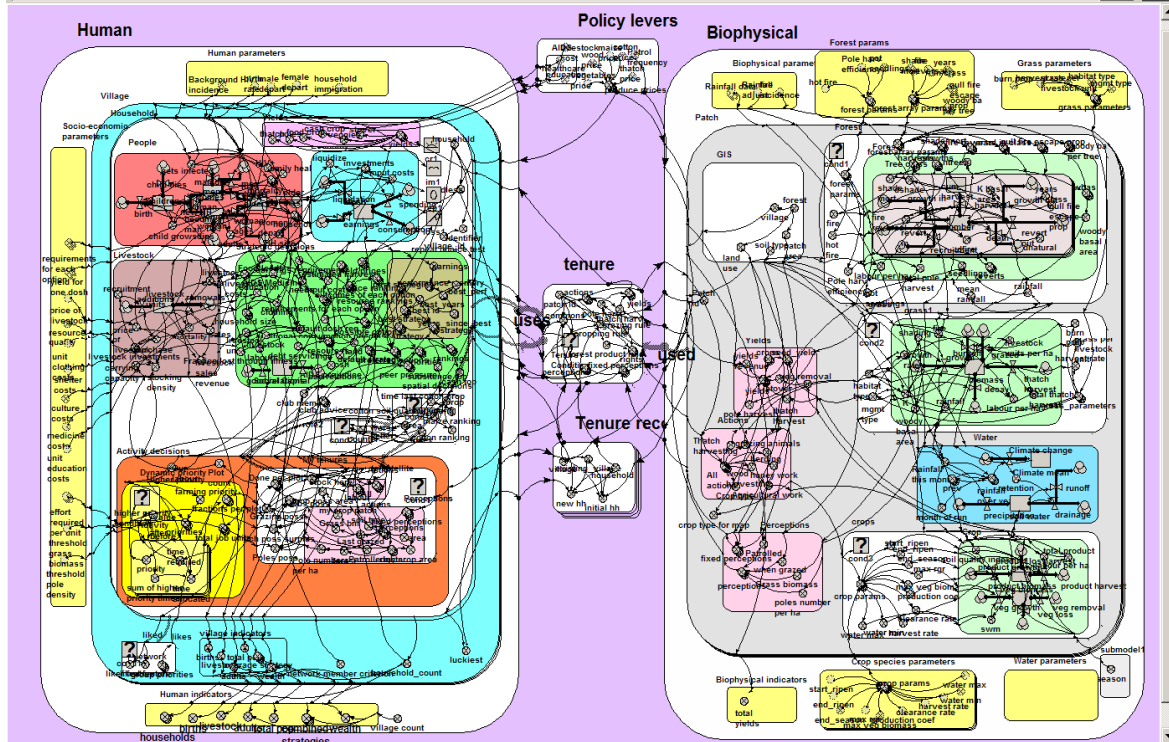
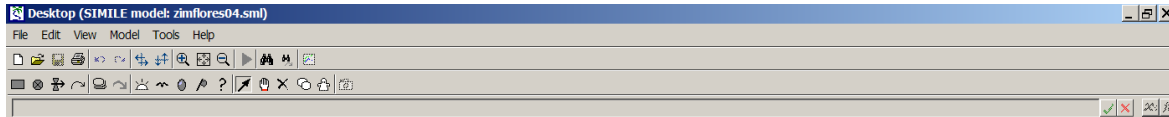


Simile: not a toy, a powerful tool



Two examples: (1) ZimFlores







1 = Status quo
 2 = More guards
 3 = Self-help

Pole harvest not so bad as pre-conception

Household income mainly from maize & thatch; increased by self-help

Self-help reduces pole harvest, but forest still important in drought

Self-help makes a big difference to household wealth in all 3 villages

Alternatives do not make big difference to basal area

Real rainfall data; drought year



Transform

Will the strategy seek to increase or decrease the **Forest**?

- increase decrease stay the same

Show Story Show Graph

Story So Far

Forest is the first compartment in the model.
The strategy will aim to increase the Forest by influencing the flows into and out of Forest

Graph



< Back

Next >

Simile

Vensim

Refresh

Close

Help

Lessons from ZimFlores

Model the suspected solution, not the familiar problem

Invest in your 'best best': story, simulate, evaluate, iterate

Risk-free experiments – so experiment! What are implications?

Don't need the 'best', just 'best for now' (which may be a guess)

Technical Report

Social learning study of Plantation Forestry in the Upper Clarence catchment of north-eastern NSW



Authors:

Andrea Leys & Jerry Vanclay

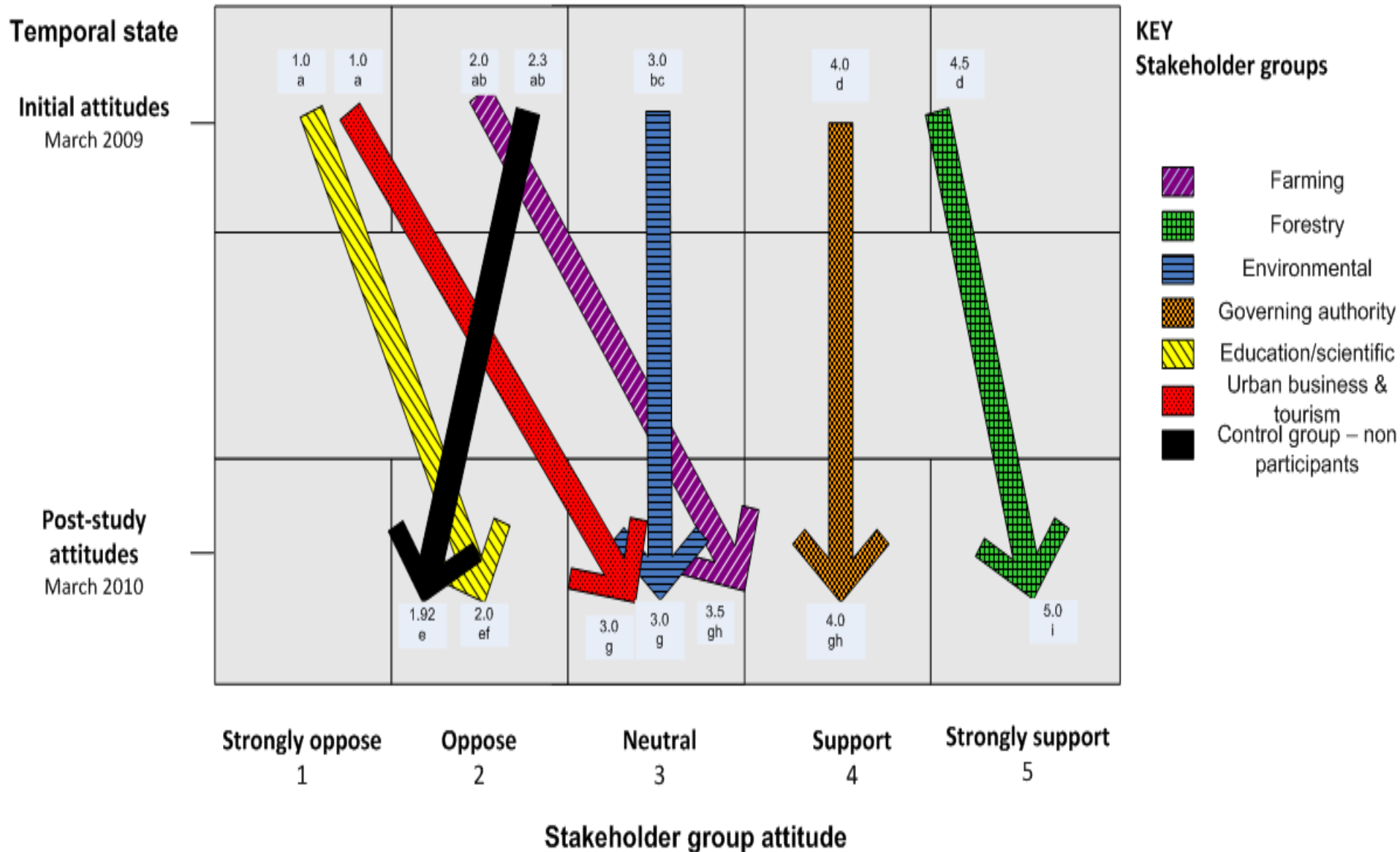
School of Environmental Science and Management

Southern Cross University

Lismore



Example 2: Social learning about industrial plantations



A.J. Leys & J.K. Vanclay, Practitioner's toolbox for mobilising social capital in adaptive landscape governance of natural resources. *Land Use Policy* **28**(3):574-584.

Modelling is useful, easy, influential ...

Participatory - behavioural change

KISS, don't love models, disposable ...

Internalize externalities

Quantify ecosystem services & values

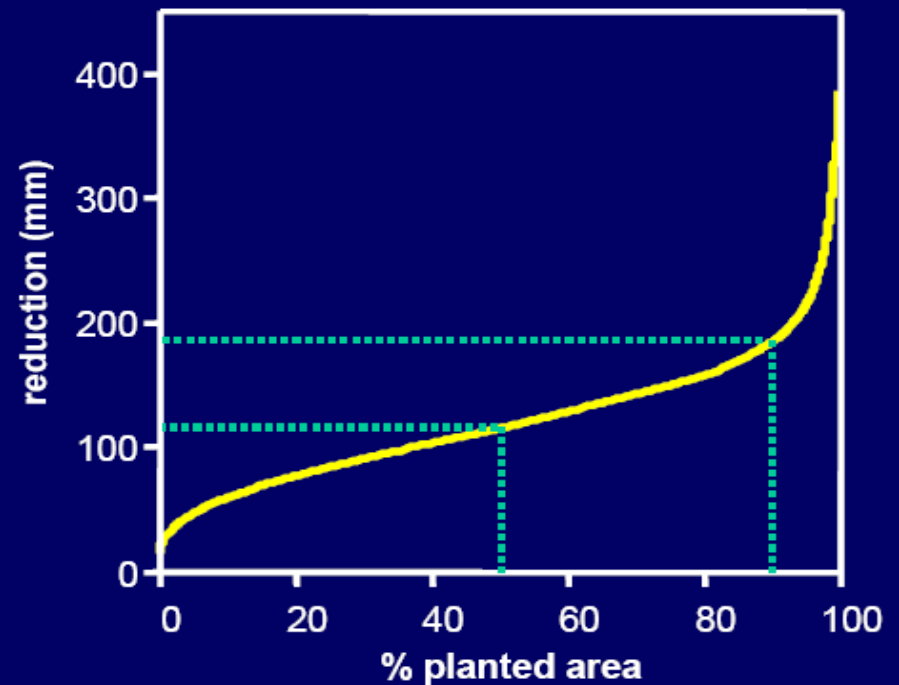
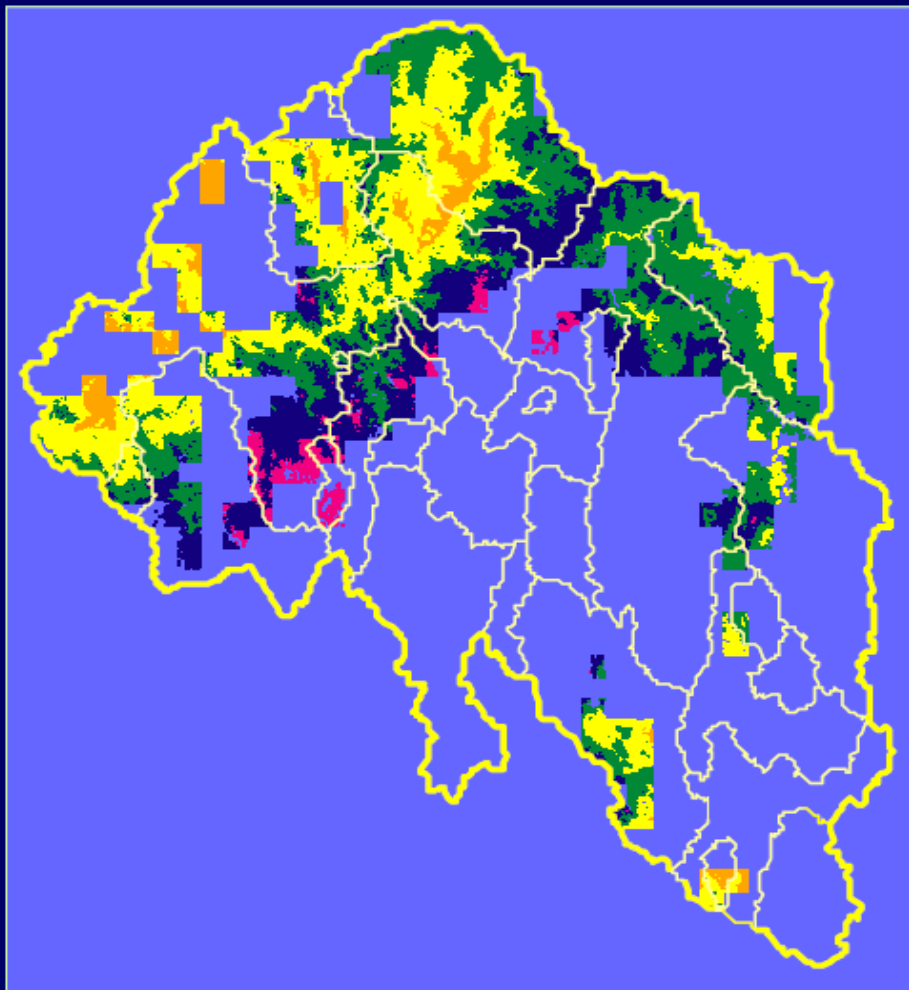
... not to fit data, but to sharpen questions...

... 'practice-led' or action research ...

... tackle 'wicked issues' but be transparent ...

Some general lessons: Bounding the problem is critical...

Spatial prediction of mean annual runoff reductions (from the MAYA model)



(2003)

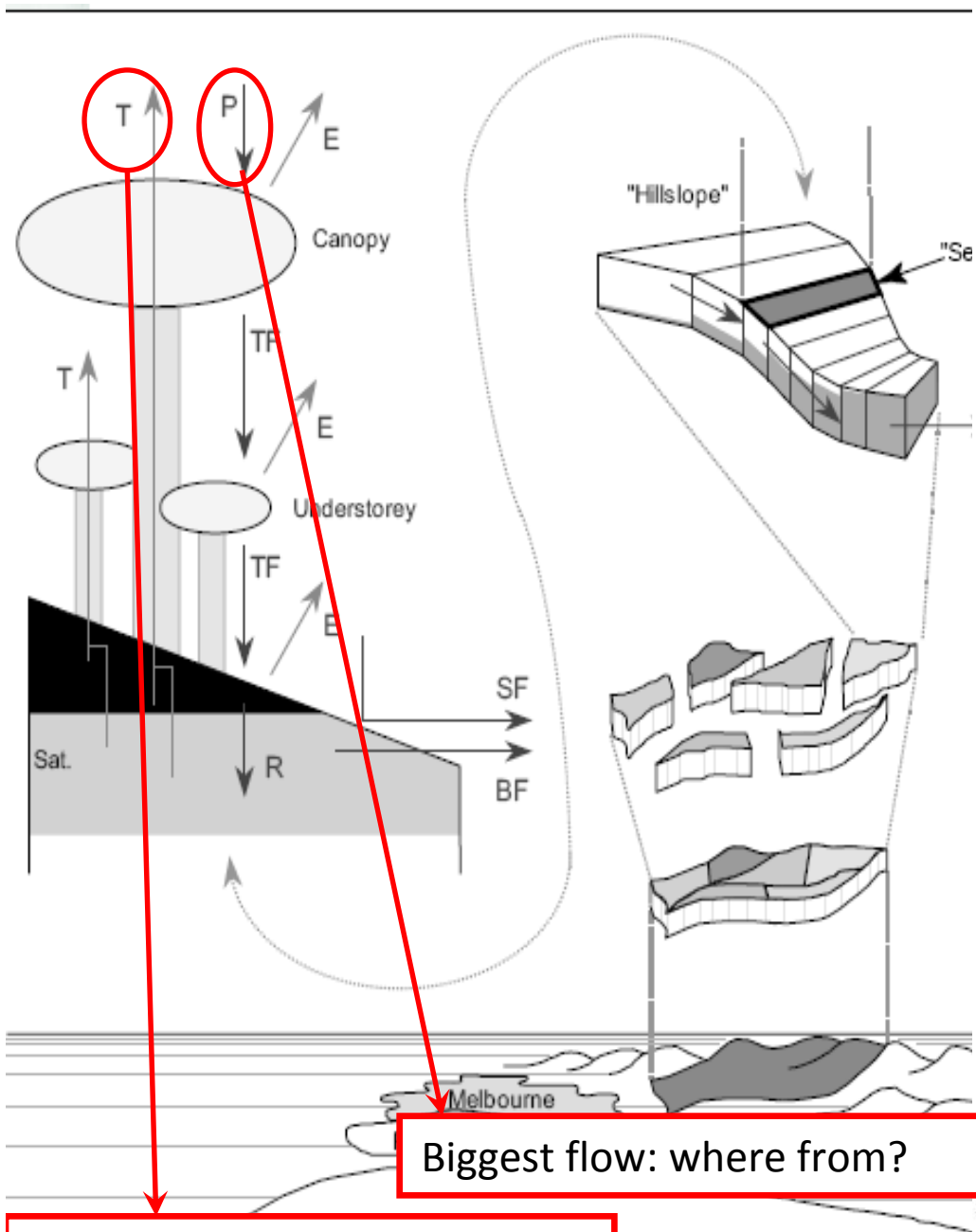


Figure 36: Schematic representation of the structure of Macaque. *P* = precipitation, *TF* = throughfall, *T* = plant transpiration, *E* = evaporation, *R* = recharge, *SF* = stormflow, *BF* = baseflow.

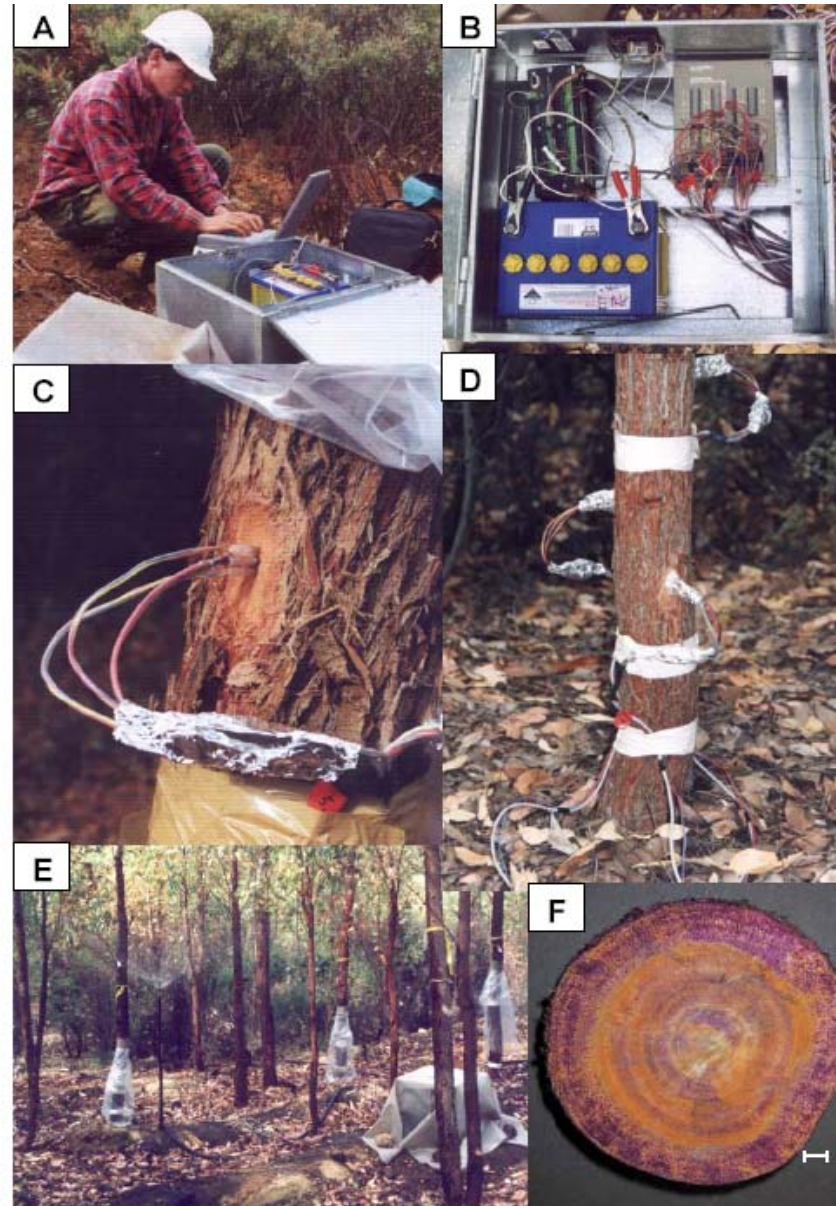
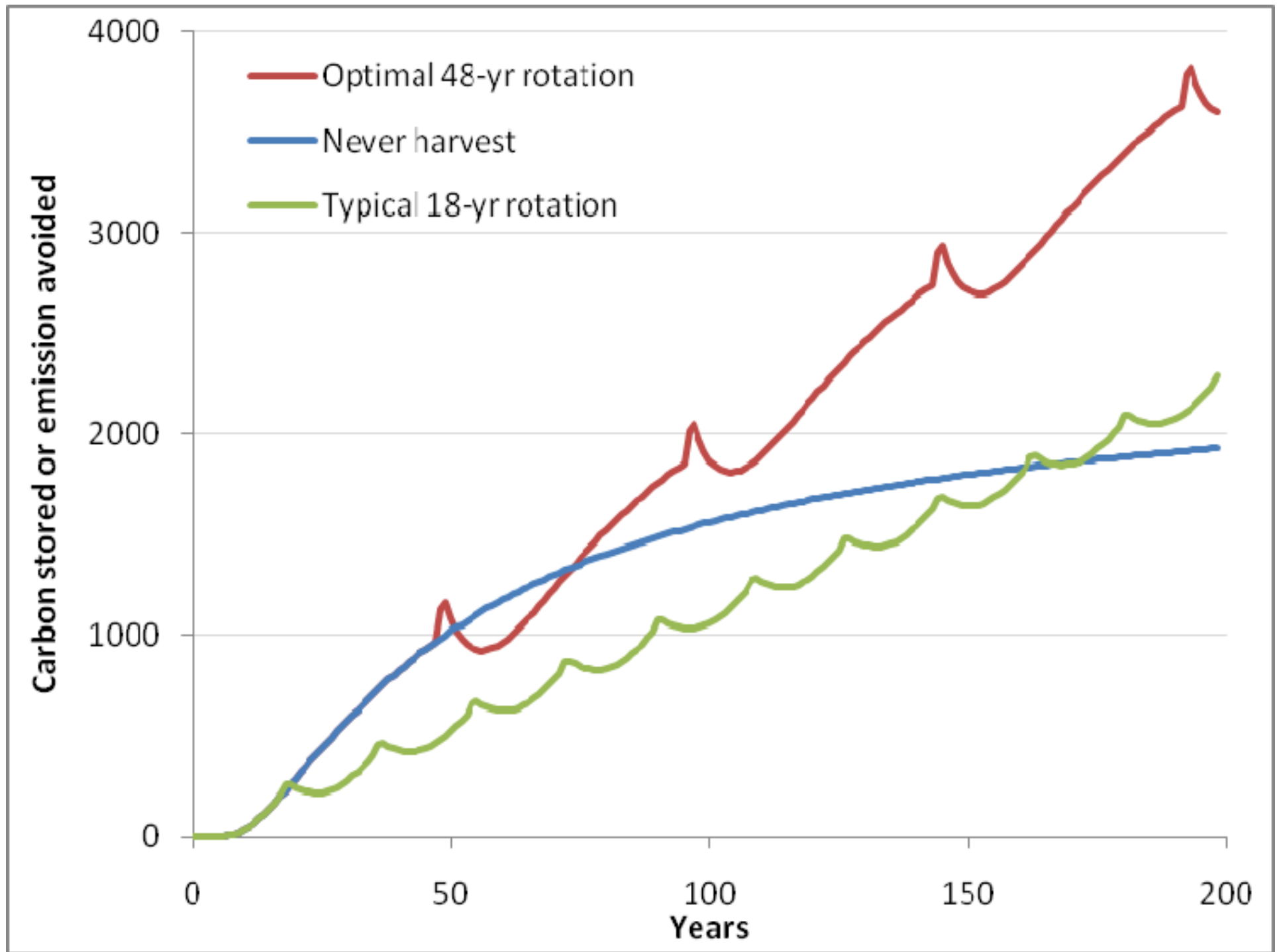


Plate 2.3

Heat pulse methodology, including: data retrieval (A), datalogger equipment (B), single 'heat pulse probe' set (C), replicate probe sets in a jarrah sapling (D), measurements from replicate jarrah saplings (E), and a dye-stained wood disc of the outer annulus of sapwood (F).

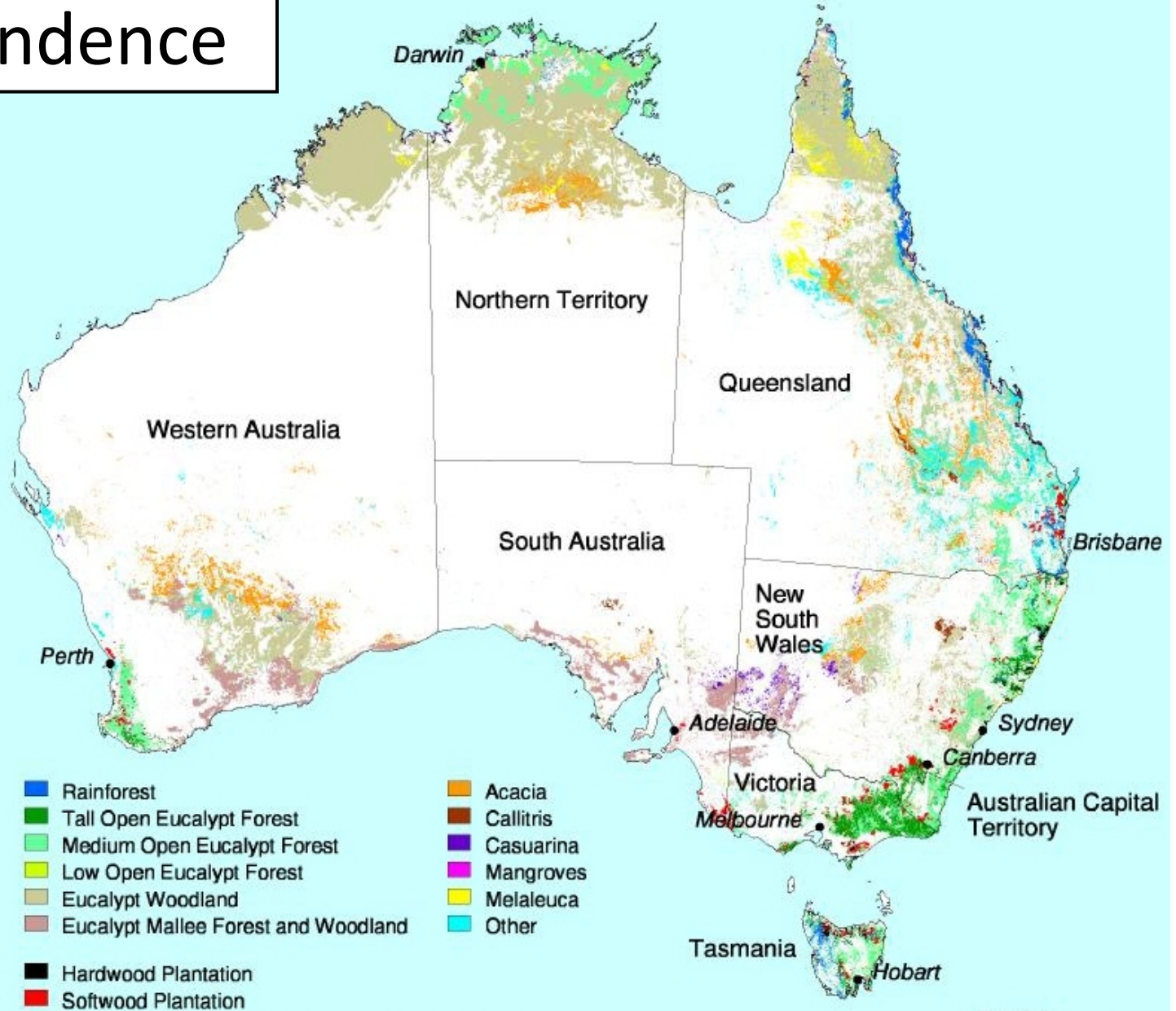


ed stakeholders to confront the evidence



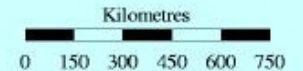
Scale dependence

Forests of Australia

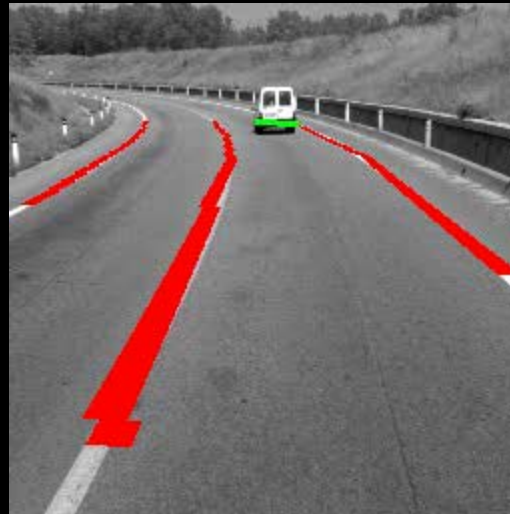


Note: the resolution of plantation data has been enhanced for clarity
Source: National Forest Inventory (1997).

Produced by the National Forest Inventory, May 2000



Importance of feedback



A simple model with fast feedback may be a good solution for a complex problem

Names: getting a handle on scenarios and storylines



Click a Climatedog below to view animation:



Enso rounds up tropical moist air in the Equatorial Pacific Ocean



Indy delivers moisture from the Indian Ocean



Sam influences the strength and frequency of cold fronts over Victoria



Ridgy and high pressure systems can block rainfall in Victoria

Where to go for more information

DPI has more information about climate variability, climate change and emissions. click on the links below to find out more;

- The latest DPI [monthly climate update](#)
- [The Break](#) – seasonal climate newsletter for broadacre industries
- [The Fast Break](#) – a round up of climate model predictions for coming months

To conclude....

Getting a 'handle' on the issues...

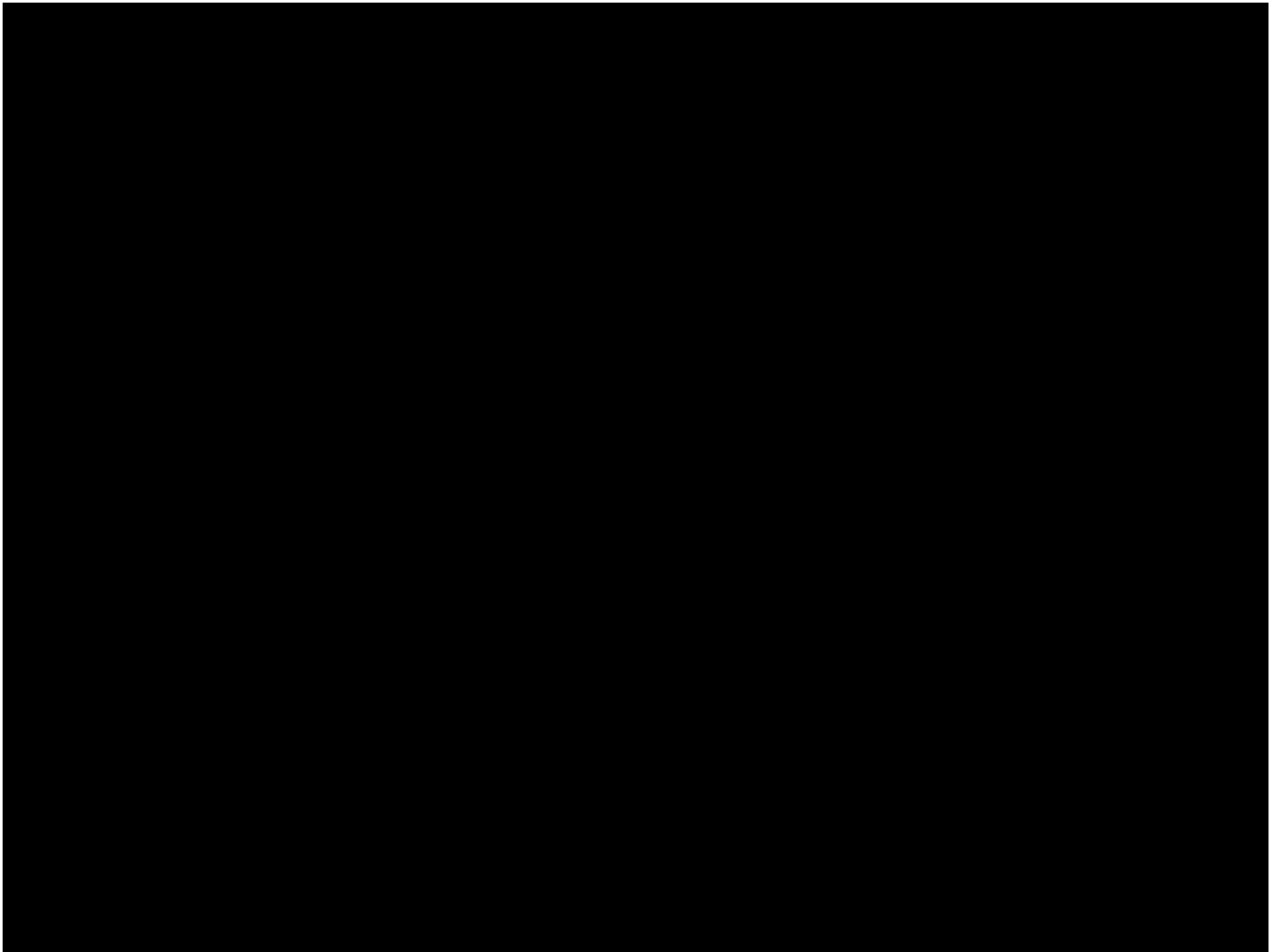
Be prepared to leave 'comfort corner'

KISS - Keep it simple

There is a time: model and scenario may be disposable

Hazards: bounding, scale-dependence, feedback

'Options open' often more important than optimum



Scenarios workshop - Forest & ecosystem modelling

How scenarios can support the progress of REDD+

contribute to delivering multiple benefits (... help leverage new investments)

How scenarios can help stakeholders plan

qualitative scenarios to envision institutional steps for planning and implementing

How scenarios can help visualize impacts in-country

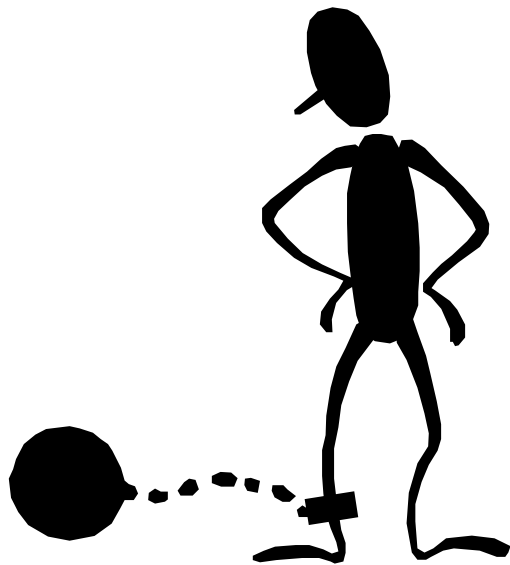
Develop scenarios of possible futures resulting from REDD (Storylines + analysis)

Change from ...

Prescriptive

Punitive

Passive



To ...

Outcome-oriented

Incentive-based

Reflect dynamics