The FRA2010 Remote Sensing Survey: Making access to data easier

work by FAO and partners

Adam Gerrand, E. Lindquist, M. Wilkie, FAO, J. Latham, R. Cumani, A. Martucci, S. Giaccio, FAO M. Hansen, P. Potapov, South Dakota State University, Data provided by USGS and NASA

www.fao.org/forestry/fra2010-remotesensing/en/







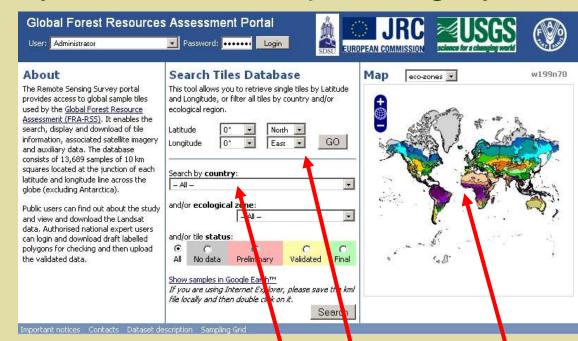




Easy access to public imagery through internet

http://geonetwork4.fao.org/geonetwork/srv/en/fra.home

- 1. New gateway for easy access to sample imagery
- 2. Search by country, or select on the map, or use Google Earth
- 3. Now has global coverage over 13,000 samples loaded, most have 1990 + 2000 + 2005 images



search by country, lat - long or using map



View sample tiles in Google Earth

1. You can download the sample squares in KML format for and load Google Earth

Password: ••••• Login

Global Sampling Grid

User: Administrator

The global sampling grid covers the latitude range between 75 degrees North/South. A systematic sampling design based on each longitude and latitude intersection has been implemented. with a reduced intensity above 60 degrees North/South latitude due to the curvature of the Earth (every second intersection sampled in between 60 and 75 degrees North/South). The coverage consists of 48,960 samples (tiles), of which 13,689 tiles are located on land (excluding Antarctic). The area covered at each tile is $10 \text{ km} \times 10 \text{ km}$. This global sampling grid is the same as that used for the national forest inventories supported by FAO and by many national forest inventory programs.

Global Forest Resources Assessment Portal

Global tiles

- ESRI Shape format
- ◆ Tiles locations (center points) [SHP] Tiles outlines (10 x 10 km) [SHP]
- Earth KMZ format
- files locations (center points) [KMZ] Tiles outlines (10 x 10 km) [KMZ] Tiles outlines (20 x 20 km) [KMZ]

Land tiles (excluding Antarctica)

- ESRI Shape format ◆ Tiles locations (center points) [SHP]
- Tiles outlines (10 x 10 km) [SHP]
- Google Earth KMZ format
- ♣ Tiles locations (center points) [KM2
- Files outlines (10 x 10 km) [KMZ]
- ♣ Tiles outlines (20 x 20 km) [KMZ]

Sampling Design

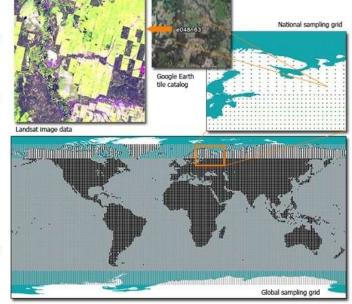
Sampling

The global sampling grid covers the latitude range between 75 degrees North/South. A systematic sampling design based on each longitude and latitude intersection has been implemented, with a reduced intensity above 60 degrees North/South latitude due to the curvature of the Earth (every second intersection sampled in between 60 and 75 degrees North/South). Specifically, every even longitude within the range of 180 degrees West to 178 degrees East and all intersections between 75 degrees North to 75 degrees South were sampled. Every odd longitude within the range of 179 degrees West to 179 degrees East and all intersections between 60 degrees North and 60 degrees South were also sampled.

Projection

The Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) projection was used for data distribution. For the Southern Hemisphere, no false northing (v-axis point-of-origin shift) was implemented. The use of negative coordinates in Southern Hemisphere is consistent with Landsat data provided by USGS and simplifies working with data in ESRI, Leica Geosystems (ERDAS) and PCI software. For every sampling point, the UTM zone was specified. For intersection points overlapping with UTM zone boundaries, the Eastern zone was selected. The name (Tile ID) of the intersection was created using the pattern: e/w000n/s00. The UTM coordinates (meters, with 1 cm precision) were calculated for every sampling tile center point.

Tile boundaries



2. Show all samples globally



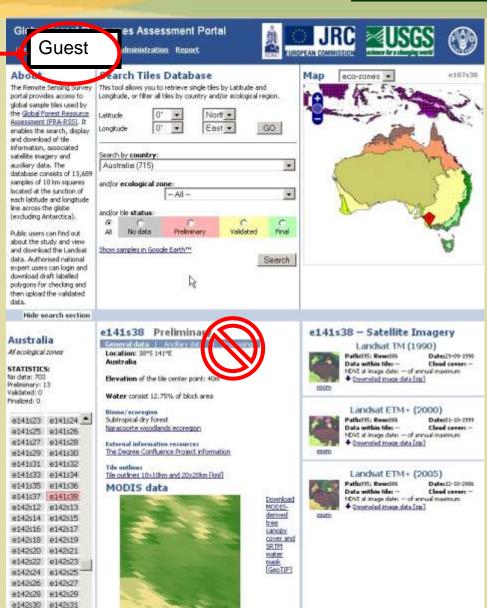
3. Zoom into one sample for higher resolution validation



Gateway can download and upload data

- 1. Login as Guest
- Guests can view and download Landsat data
- 3. We want others to use these areas to build results
- 4. But NOT the labeled tiles (unless authorised)

e142s32 e142s33 e142s34 e142s35 e142s36 e142s37 **

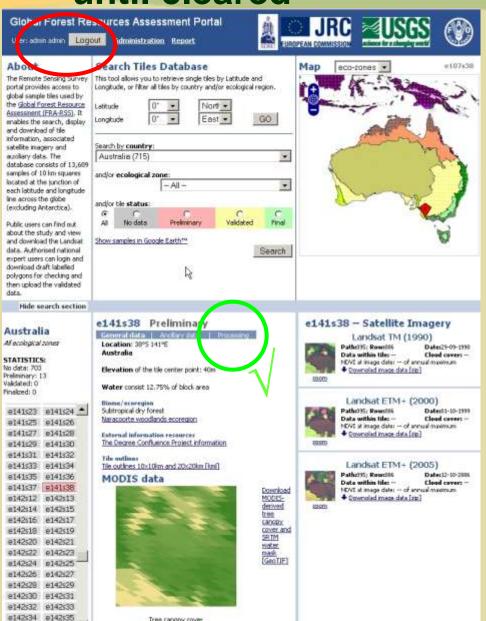




Labeled data hidden from unauthorised users until cleared

- Authorized login as country (e.g. <u>Australia</u>)
- Authorized user can view and download
 Landsat data
- 3. PLUS download the labeled tiles
- 4. + Upload validated tiles
- 5. + add ancillary data (maps, pictures, docs)

e142s36 e142s37 *





Easily view status of tiles & overall progress

derived

canopy cover and

water.

[GeoTIF]

tree

goon

Tile progress (status) is colour coded (and in map)

- 1. No data
- 2. Preliminary

e142s22 e142s23

e142s24 #142s25

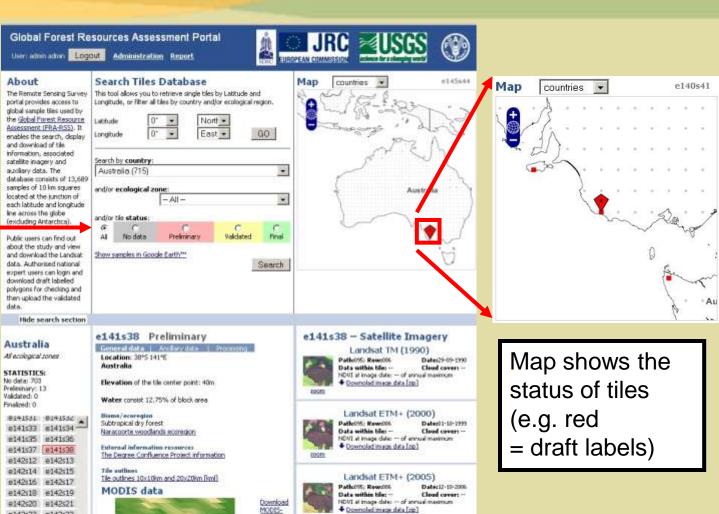
e142s26 e142s27

e142s28 e142s29 e142:30 e142:31

e142s32 e142s33

e142s34 e142s35 e142s36 e142s37 e142s38 e143s12 e143s13 e143s14 e143s15 e143s16 e143:17 e143:18 -70-10 -107-10

- 3. Validated
- 4. Final

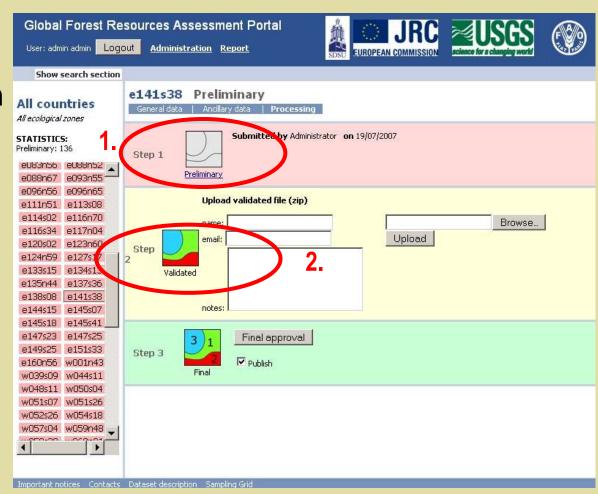




Handling sensitive data with care

Processing

- Authorised users can download labeled polygons
- 2. Countries validate & upload polygons
- 3. Countries recommend if public or not
- Data automatically compiled for analysis





New functions can be developed

- Current portal is draft version
- Comments welcome
- New functions can be developed
 - add more imagery
 - Google Earth or Gmaps interface?
 - View Globcover or other national data?
 - enable simple viewer for RS imagery?
- Tell us what you'd like to see and do...







Conclusions

- 1. Benefits from using new portal
 - a) making easy access through internet
 - b) managing sensitive data carefully during processing
 - c) creates a central archive of complex global data for all partners
- 2. Data access and management challenges, system built to handle:
 - a) tile upload and download via internet
 - b) ancillary data upload (country maps, reports etc)
 - c) administration & reporting functions to track progress
- 3. New functions can be developed
 - comments welcome
 - ***[insert comments webpage address]***

