3rd UN-REDD Regional Lessons Learned Workshop: Social and Environmental Safeguards
Bangkok, Thailand, 05-06 March 2013



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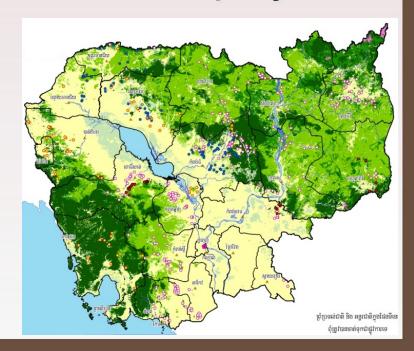


- 1. Participation in REDD+ Process
- 2. Existing Policies and Regulations
- 3. REDD+ Pilot Projects

4. Safeguards in REDD+ Pilot project

in Cambodia

Conclusion



1. Cambodia's Participation in REDD+ Process



- Member of UN-REDD and Forest Carbon Partnership Facility of the World Bank in 2009
- Established Interim National REDD+ Taskforce in 2010 and Taskforce Secretariat
- Developed REDD+ Roadmap and National Forest Program on REDD+ in 2010
- Cambodia joined the REDD+ Partnership in May 2010

2. Existing Policies and Regulations

- Millennium Development Goal: maintaining good forest cover 60% by 2015, and reduce a level of fuel wood dependency from 97% to 52% of total population by 2015.
- Rectangle Strategy of RGC: ensure environmental sustainability through sustainable management of natural resources
- National Strategic Development Plan: to implement the Rectangle Strategy of RGC. Forestry reform promote sustainable conservation and management of forests, ensure better management of natural protected areas.

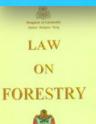
2. Existing Policies and Regulations (Cont.)





ideline on Community Forestry and its Relevant Policies

ecember 2006



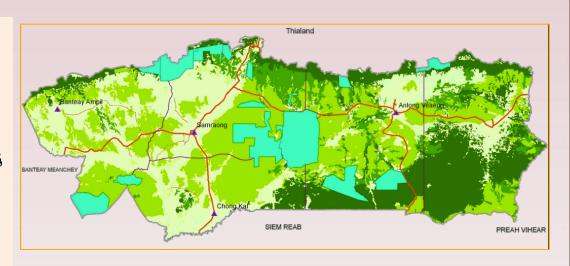
- National Forest Policy: conservation and sustainable the management of forest resources and maximum involvement of the local people.
- Forestry Law: to ensure the sustainable management of the forest resources for their social, economic and environmental benefit. To recognize and ensure local people living within or near forest area the traditional user right.
- National Forest Program: Obj.2 "Adapt to CC and mitigate vits effects on forest based livelihoods". CF will be covered in MHa. Protection Forest will be covered in 3 MHa.
 - Government Decision: to support REDD project. Maximize the benefit flows to local communities involving in the project.

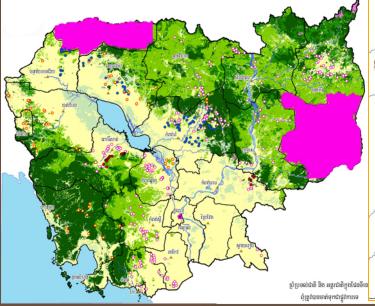
3. REDD+ Pilot Projects

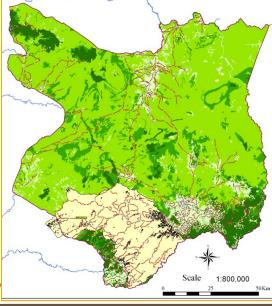
CF Carbon Credit, Oddar Meanchey

- ➤ 13 CFs = 64,318 Ha.
- >4 districts, 9 communes

58 vlages, 4,896 HHs, 13,715 person







REDD+, Mundulkiri

- **❖**188,000 Ha.
- 2 districts, 20 villages

4. Safeguards in REDD+ pilot project



- Government Decision: to support REDD project.
- Benefit sharing: Maximize the benefit from carbon sell flows to local communities involving in the project
- Land tenure: recognized and registered by RGC
- Public Awareness raising: Workshop, Training, extension



4. Safeguards in REDD+ pilot project (Cont.)



- Consultation and Agreement: with local communities and IP. 15-year CF Agreement and can extend.
- Free Prior and Informed Consent (FPIC): 60-year
 Community Agreement.
- Stakeholders involving: Gov., Monks, NGOs,
 CSO, local community, IP.



5. Conclusion



 Royal Government of Cambodia has made efforts and committed to managing forests for multiple benefits

 In the forestry sector, Cambodia has worked with various stakeholders and partners to ensure maximum safeguards of biodiversity and local benefits from any forestry project

One REDD+ project has achieved dual-gold validations from CCB and VCS,

Local communities and IP were recognized by law and ground practice.



Thank You for Your Kind Attention

