Worksheet 2.2:	Identifying benefits relating to safeguard (a) - *[REDD+] actions complement or are consistent with the objectives of national forest programmes and relevant international conventions and agreements*		
REDD+ PAM	**Benefits**	**Rank of benefits**	
		Probability	**Impact**
e.g.: Overarching	e.g.: Efforts at better coordination initiated through the REDD+ process lead to improved communication between Ministries and greater consistency between sectoral policies overall.	Medium	High
PAM design refinements			

Worksheet 2.2:	Identifying risks relating to safeguard (a) - *[REDD+] actions complement or are consistent with the objectives of national forest programmes and relevant international conventions and agreements*		
REDD+ PAM	**Risks**	**Rank of risks**	
		Probability	**Impact**
e.g.: Fire management	e.g.: Reduction in fire frequency far below natural background levels results in change in ecosystem structure and function (e.g. from savannah to forest). This may hinder achieving commitments under the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD).	Low	High
PAM design refinements			

Worksheet 2.2:	Identifying benefits relating to safeguard (b) - *Transparent and effective national forest governance structures, taking into account national legislation and sovereignty*		
REDD+ PAM	**Benefits**	**Rank of benefits**	
		Probability	**Impact**
e.g.: Reduce the number of new permits for palm oil plantation concessions through decentralised process of concession permitting.	e.g.: Increased decentralization and devolution of powers (with clearly defined roles and responsibilities) for sustainable forest management leads to more effective and efficient governance and accountability systems.	Low	Medium
PAM design refinements			

Worksheet 2.2:	Identifying risks relating to safeguard (b) - *Transparent and effective national forest governance structures, taking into account national legislation and sovereignty*		
REDD+ PAM	**Risks**	**Rank of risks**	
		Probability	**Impact**
e.g.: Reduce the number of new permits for oil palm plantation concessions through decentralised process of concession permitting..	e.g.: Reduced number of permits only granted to the most powerful and influential actors.	High	High
PAM design refinements			

Worksheet 2.2:	Identifying benefits relating to safeguard (c) - *Respect for the knowledge and rights of indigenous peoples and members of local communities, by taking into account relevant international obligations, national circumstances and laws, and noting that the United Nations General Assembly has adopted the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples*		
REDD+ PAM	**Benefits**	**Rank of benefits**	
		Probability	**Impact**
e.g.: Cancel logging concessions.	e.g.: Less encroachment on IP lands.	Low	High
PAM design refinements			

Worksheet 2.2:	Identifying risks relating to safeguard (c) - *Respect for the knowledge and rights of indigenous peoples and members of local communities, by taking into account relevant international obligations, national circumstances and laws, and noting that the United Nations General Assembly has adopted the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples*		
REDD+ PAM	**Risks**	**Rank of risks**	
		Probability	**Impact**
e.g.: Cancel logging concessions.	e.g.: Less work for IPs and local communities.	Low	High
PAM design refinements			

Worksheet 2.2:	Identifying benefits relating to safeguard (d) - *The full and effective participation of relevant stakeholders, in particular indigenous peoples and local communities [in REDD+ actions]*		
REDD+ PAM	**Benefits**	**Rank of benefits**	
		Probability	**Impact**
e.g.: Extending community forest management.	e.g.: Extending community forest management may increase the numbers and groups of stakeholders involved in decision-making related to forests local to them.		
PAM design refinements			

Worksheet 2.2:	Identifying risks relating to safeguard (d) - *The full and effective participation of relevant stakeholders, in particular indigenous peoples and local communities [in REDD+ actions]*		
REDD+ PAM	**Risks**	**Rank of risks**	
	.	**Probability**	**Impact**
e.g.: Overarching.	e.g.: The failure to provide stakeholders with appropriate information may hinder their ability to participate in an effective and meaningful way and cause frustration with the REDD+ process	Medium	High
PAM design refinements			

Worksheet 2.2:	Identifying benefits relating to safeguard (e) - *[REDD+] actions are consistent with the conservation of natural forests and biological diversity, ensuring that REDD+ actions are not used for the conversion of natural forests, but are instead used to incentivize the protection and conservation of natural forests and their ecosystem services, and to enhance other social and environmental benefits*		
REDD+ PAM	**Benefits**	**Rank of benefits**	
		Probability	**Impact**
e.g.: Landscape scale planning and coordination that supports the restoration of degraded land and prioritizes the protection of natural forest.	e.g.: Protection of natural forest and its ecosystem services, halting the decline in availability of non-timber forest products.	Medium	Medium
PAM design refinements			

Worksheet 2.2:	Identifying risks relating to safeguard (e) - [REDD+] actions are consistent with the conservation of natural forests and biological diversity, ensuring that REDD+ actions are not used for the conversion of natural forests, but are instead used to incentivize the protection and conservation of natural forests and their ecosystem services, and to enhance other social and environmental benefits		
REDD+ PAM	**Risks**	**Rank of risks**	
		Probability	**Impact**
e.g.: Afforestation	e.g.: The afforestation of a grassland ecosystem with high biodiversity value leads to losses in breeding bird populations and reduces the connectivity of habitat for wild herbivores.	Medium	Medium
PAM design refinements			

Worksheet 2.2:	Identifying risks relating to safeguard (f) - *Actions to address the risks of reversals*		
REDD+ PAM	**Risks**	**Rank of risks**	
		Probability	**Impact**
e.g.: Afforestation on agricultural land.	e.g.: Fire from agricultural burning spreads into the new forest, leading to the reversal of carbon sequestration, and may also impair future sequestration potential.	Low	High
PAM design refinements			

Worksheet 2.2: Identifying risks relating to safeguard (g) - *Actions to reduce displacement of emissions*

REDD+ PAM	Risks	Rank of risks	
		Probability	Impact
e.g.: Overarching.	e.g.: As a result of REDD+, new farmland is developed in wetlands, rather than in forest. Substantial emissions result from wetland drainage.	High	High
PAM design refinements			