





Introducing the REDD+ Roadmap Process



Bangladesh REDD+ Roadmap Launching Workshop



Dhaka, 26th October 2011









REDD participants must deliver:





- A national strategy
- A national REL or RL
- A robust and transparent forest monitoring system
- A system for providing information on how safeguards are addressed

According to paragraph 71 of Decision 1/CP.16



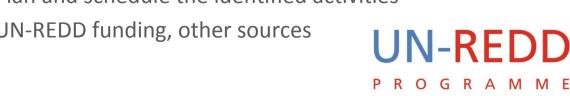


Key questions for REDD+ countries to address



- How will REDD+ Readiness work be organized and managed? How will the following be addressed:
 - Institutional arrangements
 - Procedures for information sharing
 - Consultation framework
 - Multi-stakeholder participation
- What capacity building and financial resources are needed?
 - Who would fund capacity building
 - Who will undertake capacity building
- How will the country allocate available funding?
 - Plan and schedule the identified activities.
 - UN-REDD funding, other sources







Why a Roadmap?



- To help: REDD+ Readiness is a complex process
- Avoid duplication and repetition
- Allocate responsibilities clearly
- Transparency
- Attract investment
- Identify gaps and priorities
- Simplify the route to Readiness
- Outlines the questions, not the answers









Preparing a Roadmap



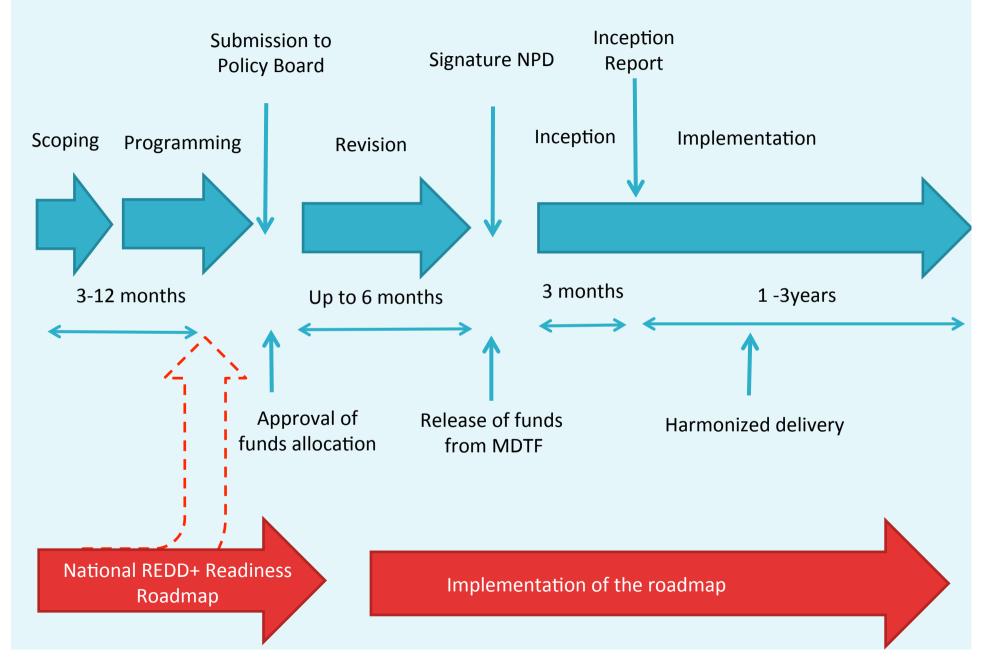




- Country-led; content cannot be generated by external consultants
- No hard and fast rules on structure what works best for the country context
- Must be based on multi-stakeholder consultation as with all REDD+ processes
- Experience suggests 6 months + to complete
- A living document as knowledge and circumstances change, must be kept relevant
- Not a 'UN-REDD' document for all REDD+ initiatives
- Full proposal to UN-REDD (Country Programme Document) will be based on elements of the Roadmap
- The Readiness Plan Proposal (RPP)



1. UN-REDD Country Support





Six REDD+ Readiness Components

Management of Readiness

Stakeholder Engagement

REDD+ Implementation Framework

REDD+ Strategy Setting

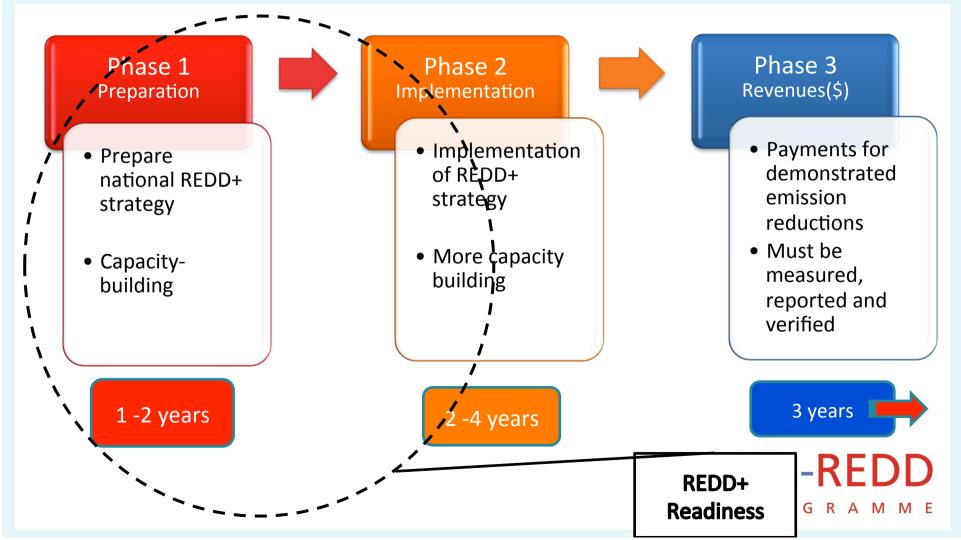
Reference (RL/REL) Scenario

National Monitoring (MRV) System





REDD+ Readiness and the phased approach





Management of Readiness

- Establishment of a multi-stakeholder information network:
 - Transparent access to documents, policy processes
 - Publications, newsletters, web platforms
- Establishment of a coordination mechanism
 - Multi-stakeholder management bodies, national and sub-national
 - Inclusion of non-forest sectors and civil society in decision-making
- Preparation of a REDD+ Readiness Roadmap
 - Planning for Readiness, endorsed by multi-stakeholder bodies
- Analysis of sectoral approaches to REDD+
 - Forest products industry
 - Agriculture sector
 - Energy sector





Stakeholder Engagement

- Awareness Raising government agencies
 - Impacts of REDD+ on forest policy
 - Forestry officials as trusted service providers
 - Participatory approaches to forest management
- Awareness Raising local communities
 - Participatory forest management
 - Development of consultation networks
- Awareness Raising of other stakeholders
 - Multi-sector coordination promote importance of forest sector
 - Comprehensive communications and public relations strategy
- Application of FPIC principles (UN-REDD guidelines)



REDD+ Implementation Framework

- Mainstreaming REDD+ into Planning
 - Land Use planning
 - Socio-economic development planning
- Resource allocation (benefit distribution) system
 - Establishment of transparent national REDD+ fund
 - Input-based (payment for work done)
 - Output-based (payment for 'carbon credits' produced)
 - Opportunity cost based (payment for income foregone)
- Strengthening forest governance
 - Decentralisation community or social forestry development
 - Effective law enforcement and addressing corruption at all levels
- Social and Environmental Safeguards



REDD+ Strategy Setting

- Analysis of Drivers of Deforestation and Degradation
 - Proximate causes: Industrial logging, Poor fire control, Invasive species,
 Encroachment,
 - Ultimate causes: Rural poverty, Population growth, Low value of forest land, Education and skills, Conflict
- Analysis of Opportunities to Enhance Forest Carbon Stocks
 - Reforestation, Restoration, Afforestation, Mangrove bio-shields
- Identification of Strategic Options
 - RED, REDD, REDD+, only +...
- Development of Strategy
 - Justification
 - Implementation plan
 - Full involvement of multi-stakeholder consultation bodies R O G R A M M E

UN-REDD



Reference Scenarios

- Analysis of past trends in forest cover and quality
 - National inventory records, Project records and documents
 - Satellite images, historical accounts/maps
 - Written/verbal accounts of forest product output, use and sale
- Estimation of biomass equations (allometric equations)
 - Forest classification and stratification.
 - Growth models for key forest species and classes
 - Chemical analysis of forest species carbon conversion factors
 - Long-term research, including impacts of management and environmental factors on growth models and carbon stocks (emission factors)
- Scenario setting for future trends in forest development
 - Impacts of 'No-REDD' scenario on forest cover and quality
 - Impacts of different REDD+ strategic options on forest cover and quality
- Estimation of interim reference scenarios
 - Match scenarios with emission factors





National Monitoring System

- Remote sensing
 - Establishment of infrastructure
 - Capacity building of staff
- Strengthen national forest inventory process
 - Capacity building, commitment of human and capital resources
 - Internal verification system
 - Permanent sample plots, regular ground truthing, recalibration
- Development of participatory monitoring techniques
 - Community forest inventory / carbon accounting
- Data management and reporting
 - Transparency of records access by affected stakeholders
 - Capacity building for record keeping, IT development
 - Link to national communications to UNFCCC

UN-REDD

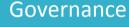
REDD+ Safeguards

PROGRAMME

Complement or are consistent with the objectives of national forest programmes and relevant international conventions and agreements

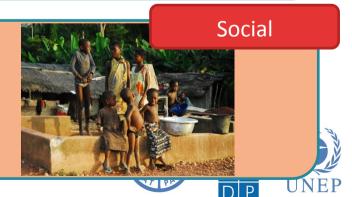


Transparent and effective national forest governance structures





Respect for the knowledge and rights of indigenous peoples and members of local communities



REDD+ Safeguards

Support the full and effective participation of relevant stakeholders



Actions are consistent with the conservation of natural forests and biological diversity



6 To address the risks of reversals



Environment Governance

To reduce displacement of emissions



Environment

Governance



Guidelines for applying safeguards



- Free Prior and Informed Consent (FPIC): UN-REDD draft guidelines
- Stakeholder Consultation: FCPF/UN-REDD joint guidelines



- UN-REDD Programme Social and Environmental Principles and Criteria
- REDD+ SES: a southern civil society-led initiative





Thank you

