EXAMPLE 6 CONTRANSPARENCY INTERNATIONAL the global coalition against corruption

PAC REDD

A project of

the Forest Governance Integrity Programme

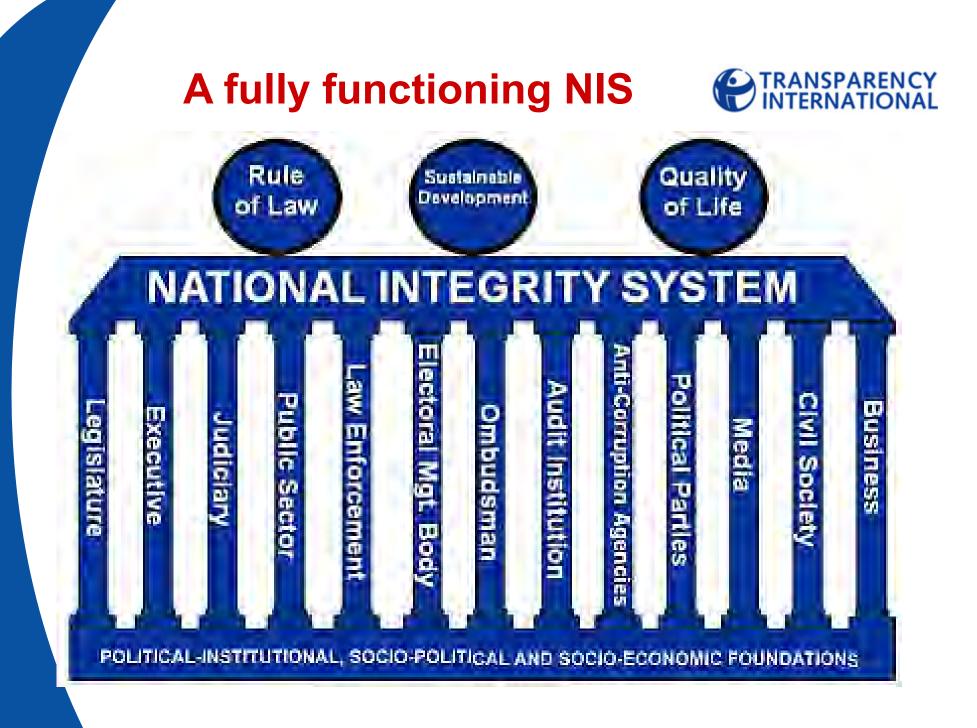
www.transparency.org

Forest Governance Integrity



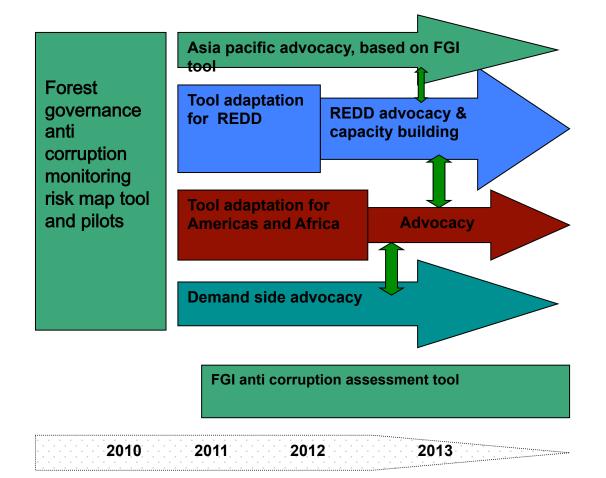
Programme

- The Forest Governance Integrity (FGI) Programme was established in late 2007 with projects started in January 2009
 - Goal: to work towards a society where corruption-free forest governance and sustainable management enable increased economic development, poverty reduction and environmental protection.
 - Based on the premises that
 - Corruption, 'the misuse of entrusted power for private gain' is the primary driver of illegal logging
 - Direct law enforcement actions will need to be complemented with governance reform to improve National Integrity Systems



Programme components





Key activities



Research and Analysis

Analysis and mapping of stakeholders and Corruption 'Systems' provide a base for national strategies

Capacity Development

Increase stakeholders' knowledge of the corruption effecting forestry governance and support the implementation of preventative or remedial actions

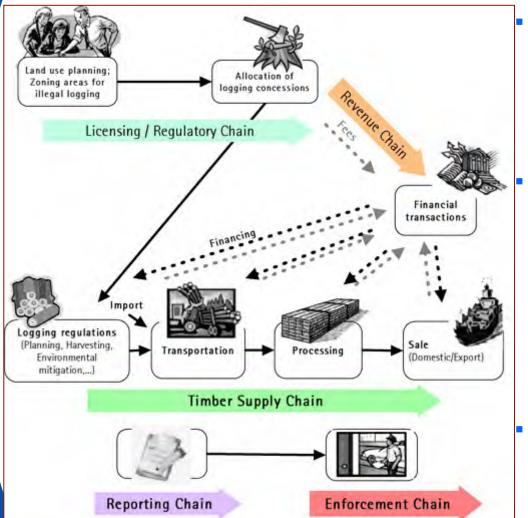
Advocacy!

This is why we do our work! To change things...

"Critical but constructive engagement with all stakeholders (including local communities)" focusing on a process of change

FGI methodology (for illegal logging)





- Working with forestry stakeholders, identify major corruption risks in forest governance systems
- Identify existing anti-corruption tools and initiatives within countries and monitor their performance to look for gaps
 - This constitutes a 'risk map'
- Conduct advocacy aimed at
 raising awareness and
 addressing governance
 weaknesses; Develop and
 disseminate advocacy materials

Risk mapping basics



- Conduct systemic analysis of each major corruption risk area
 - Transaction points
- Identify relevant actors, processes, structures at play in risk area
 - Decide priorities
- Assess the existing institutions or instruments that tackle the priority corruption practices
 - What are their failings, challenges, where do they need support,
- Gaps and weaknesses spotted in this monitoring exercise will highlight what kind of reforms are needed.
- Present findings in simple form for advocacy messages

PAC REDD



- Project: Preventive Anti-Corruption measures in Reducing Emission through Deforestation and Degradation mechanisms (PAC REDD)
 - Build capacity and empower civil society to advocate for anti-corruption measures in REDD
 - Government and donor communities are aware enough to ensure anti-corruption measures are considered during REDD negotiations.
 - Tools to ensure transparency and integrity in REDD payments are developed.
 - Local CSO groups are able to monitor transparency and due diligence in payments made under REDD scheme Supported by NORAD!

PAC REDD, as with illegal logging... PAC REDD

- Identify and *prioritize corruption risks*
- Analyze root causes of priority corruption risks
- Identify instruments to support integrity
- Developing a strategy for action

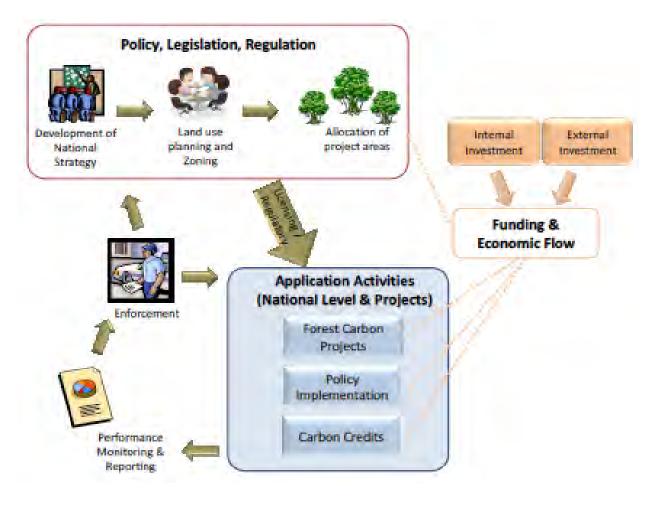


Always working with stakeholders!

Framework for assessment



Replace value/supply chain with a decision sequence..?



Not just pointing out gaps and flaws...



- Identifying and promoting best practices in forest governance is an essential part of PAC REDD
 - Organise a conference with government departments and agencies to showcase best practices related to transparency and integrity mechanisms in REDD schemes.
 - Manage a REDD integrity campaign to mobilise local actors
 - Establish a REDD dialogue forum for civil society actors and government representatives

International NGOs may not be enough



- External NGOs may be seen as patronizing and/or anti development or Anti REDD, pushing their own climate change agenda
- Local ownership and local grounding of knowledge and expertise and initiatives is vital for long lasting impact
- Reforms need foundations built out of multi-stakeholder consultations. Effective multi-stakeholder cooperation helps in:
 - Better informed decisions support by public, which leads to...
 - More credible initiatives &
 - Improved prospects for effective implementation