



Participatory Governance Assesment (PGA) for REDD+ Implementation in Indonesia: Relevance, Status and Challenges

PGA FOR REDD+ IMPLEMENTATION IN INDONESIA

Implemented by UNDP INDONESIA
Partnering with Ministry of Forestry, UKP4 and Ministry of
Development Planning
Supported by UN-REDD GLOBAL Programme
Working Closely with Civil Society Organizations, Indigenous
Organizations, Sub-national Government, and
academicians

Prof. Dr. Sofian Effendi-PGA Expert Panel Member PGA International Exchange Meeting 17-18 April 2012

The Objectives of PGA for REDD+





<u>Baseline</u> information on governance condition related to Indonesia's preparedness in implementing REDD+ Indonesia

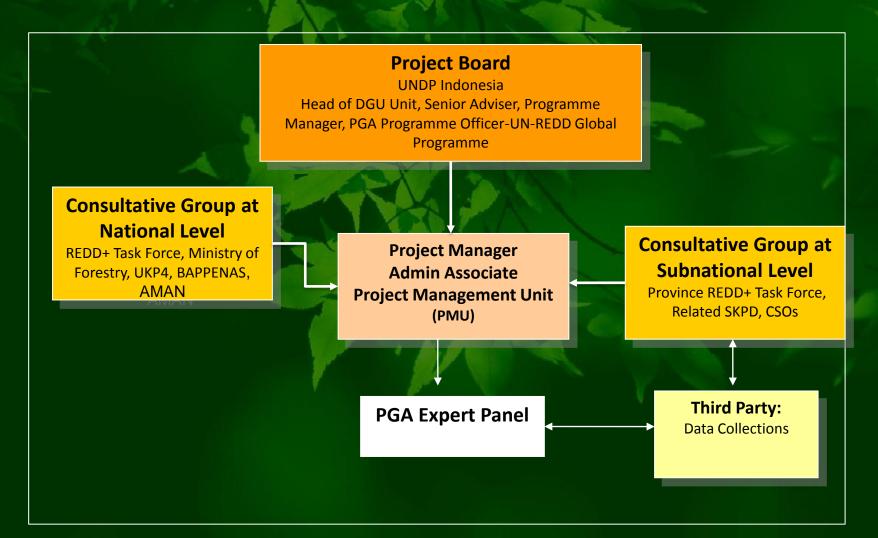
<u>Policy recommendation</u> on urgent governance issues during REDD+ readiness and implementation phase in Indonesia and necessary approaches to guarantee the human rights of indigenous communities and other forest-dependent communities during REDD+ implementation in Indonesia

<u>REDD+ governance roadmap</u> to define and describe the best ways to strengthen forest and REDD+ governance structure and practices

PGA tool as **monitoring and evaluation instrument** for REDD+ in Indonesia, to be taken over gradually by the government.







Governance Issues





The Indonesian government commits to reduce its greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by 26% or up to 41 % with international support, where most reductions will be achieved through REDD+ related activities

The results of stakeholder consultations conducted by the National Development Planning Agency with the support of UN-REDD Programme Indonesia concluded that the high rates of deforestation and forest degradation are caused by forest governance related issues. The identified forest governances issues:

- (1) <u>spatial planning</u> does not function effectively as a control instrument to ensure equitable and sustainable forest utilization, along with unresolved tenurial issues
- (2) <u>forest management</u> does not function effectively and does not provide a sense of justice
- (3) weak governance in the forestry sector makes it difficult to control rate of deforestation and forest degradation effectively
- (4) legal base for forest management is still sectoral approach and overlaps with other sectors, especially sectors that require land such as mining, agriculture, plantation, agriculture and other development sectors
- (5) corruption in bureaucracy and enforcement agencies prohibit effective supervision and enforcement

PGA Framework & Prioritized Governance issues



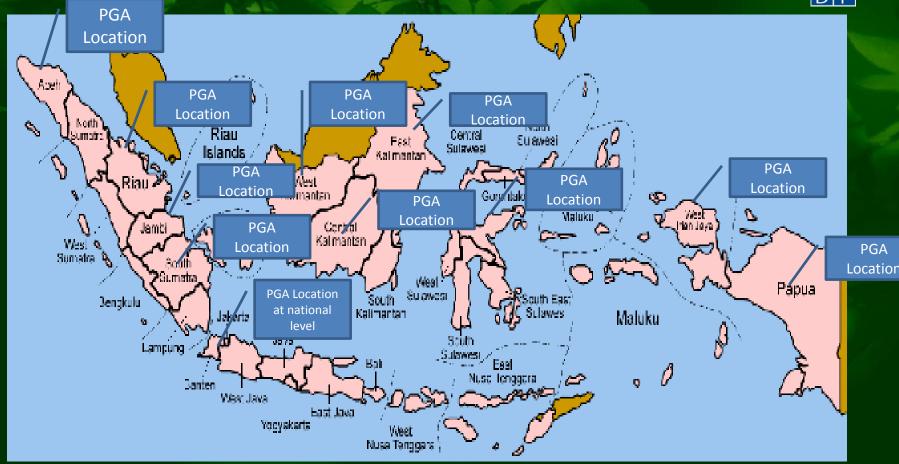


Forest Management	Components		
Issues	Law and Policy Framework	Actors' Capacity (Government, Civil Society, IPs and local Community, Business Entity)	Implementation- Performance
Spatial Planning	Indicators	Indicators	Indicators
Rights Regulating	Indicators	Indicators	Indicators
Forest Organizing	Indicators	Indicators	Indicators
Forest Management	Indicators	Indicators	Indicators
Forest Control	Indicators	Indicators	Indicators
REDD+ Infrastructure	Indicators	Indicators	Indicators

Geographical Focus







Assessment locations at sub national level are selected based on the size of the forest/peatland cover areas. Whereas, at national level, selection is based on forest management authority

The Process of PGA for REDD+ in Indonesia





<u>Consultative meetings with Ministry of Forestry, UKP4, BAPPENAS and Civil Society</u>
<u>Organizations</u> = All key stakeholder agreed that PGA is needed to obtain baseline and accurate interventions on REDD+ governance related issues.

The establishment of the PGA expert panel consisting of various background, representative and gender balance. Prof Hariadi (academia), Dr. Sunaryo (Goverment), MAS Achmad Santosa (UKP4/UNDP), Prof. Sofian (UNDP), Dr. Mryna Safitri (Civil Society), Jossi Katarina (Civil Society), Abdon Nababan (Adat Organization/AMAN), Wiwit (Academia for data collection instrument).

<u>Intensive discussions amongst the PGA expert panel</u> members (15 times). The 4th Draft REDD+ PGA Indicator set

Regional consultative meetings (4 times) and national consultative meeting (1 time) = Ensuring participatory approach applied, and inputs taken from wider stakeholder to strengthen the draft of REDD+ PGA framework and indicator set

PGA Next Steps





- 1. <u>REDD+ PGA tools</u> including indicators and data collection instrument is in final stage for finalization = Deadline for final PGA tools is April 2012
- 2. Third Party for providing PGA data collection service has been recruited. Nine interested bidders had submitted the proposal= data provided by third party is expected in July 2012
- 3. Analysis, reporting and **policy recommendation formulations** is produced by PGA expert panel = Final report is expected in September 2012
- **4.** <u>Developing REDD+ governance roadmap</u> to define and describe the best ways to strengthen forest and REDD+ governance structure and practices produced = the result is expected in Oct 2012
- **5.** Revising REDD+ PGA tools including indicators and data collection instruments = the result is expected in Dec 2012

Challenges Identified in the PGA in Indonesia





- 1. Ensuring REDD+ PGA results and instrument will get a strong buy-in from government.
- 2. Having meaningful results without naming and shaming the government.
- **3.** Taking the time needed to ensure that various stakeholders can recognize themselves in the assessment, which enhances the level of **ownership**.
- **4.** Balancing the number of indicators between incorporating stakeholder interests and developing efficient the indicators set.

Thank You Very Much/Terima Kasih Banyak



