







## SIS functions

– what does the system need to do to meet desired information objectives?





## Potential SIS functions

- Information collection and management
  - what information is to be included and where will it be sourced
  - selection of information collection and management methods
- Information analysis and interpretation
  - making sense of the information
  - different analyses and interpretations will serve the different objectives
- Information quality verification and validation
  - verification at point of collection, making sure information is accurate
  - validation post-analysis, making sure interpretation is accurate
- Information dissemination and use
  - information will need to be communicated to different target audiences
  - information dissemination may involve technological solutions





## Assessing existing information systems and sources - **Institutions**

Identify the relevant *existing institutions* with the mandate, procedures and capacity to carry out one or more of the functions

- 1. Who will be responsible for operating the SIS, who will be submitting the summary of information, who will manage the NFMS?
- 2. In most cases existing institutions (defined by existing PLRs) will be mandated and capacitated to operate existing information systems
- 3. New institutional arrangements, such as information sharing arrangements, may be needed
- 4. Institutions are often government but could also include other stakeholders civil society, private sector, indigenous peoples, etc.
  - which stakeholders could contribute to which SIS functions?





## Introduction to group discussion

5 groups – 3 EN and 2 FR

- What could be the objectives of the SIS in your country?
- What options are you considering for the structure of your Safeguard Information Systems? What might be the advantages and disadvantages of these approaches?
- Where and how would stakeholder participation be most effective in the SIS design and operation?